

DRIVE A FAILURE, PEACE OFFENSIVE BY GERMANS DUE

New Note To Be Issued By
Pope, Enemy Papers
Predict

KAISERS TO MEET

Austrian Emperor To Pay
Important Visit To
War Lord

AIMED AT ITALY?

Campaign Will Try To
Detach It From Allies,
Is Report

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, May 1.—It is reported from Vienna that the Emperor Karl and Baron Burián, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, will shortly visit the Kaiser at German Grand Headquarters. Far-reaching political importance is attached to the visit.

London, May 2.—The best confirmation of the enemy's defeat at Ypres is contained in the indications of the imminence of the renewal of his peace offensive.

Thus the German papers state that the Pope is about to issue a new peace note while the German peace agents are busy in neutral countries and little doubt is entertained that the visit of the Emperor of Austria and Count Burián to the Kaiser is connected with such a move.

Will Try To Detach Italy

Articles in the Scandinavian press suggest that Italy will be the main object of the peace offensive of the enemy to defeat the Allies.

The Daily Mail says that the fact that Amiens and Ypres are still untaken after six weeks of unprecedented efforts by the enemy proves the ability of the Allies to hold the Germans till the American army, whose advent the Germans dread, can play a part.

Meanwhile the troubles of the Austrian Empire are apparently coming to a head. The Cabinet crisis, both in Austria and Hungary, is still unsettled. The Arbeiter Zeitung of Vienna denounces Hungary for starving Austria, declares that the imports of foodstuffs from the Ukraine are still remote and empty stomachs cannot afford to wait.

Slavs Desert Austrian Army

Czech and Slovak troops who were Austrian subjects have appeared, according to Italian papers, on the Italian front fighting for Italy. Their arrival has disquieted the Austro-Hungarian commanders, who fear the effect on the Slav troops. Recently some of these men have persuaded number of the Czechs in the Austrian ranks to desert, which barages put between the Austrian front and support lines by the Italian artillery enabled them to do. A special English correspondent on the Swiss frontier has received information showing that the populations of Austria-Hungary are starving and seething with revolt, which he predicts will break out when the Western offensive is definitely brought to a standstill.

HENDERSON REPUDIATES PEACE CONFERENCE NOW

No Meeting With German Socialists Possible Till They
Disavow Conquest

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 1.—Mr. Arthur Henderson has specifically informed the Evening Standard that no conference with the German Social Democrats is now possible until they have accepted the position of no annexations, no punitive indemnities and the right of self-determination and until they are ready to press their Government to apply these principles honestly and unreservedly to every question of political and territorial readjustment with which any official peace congress will have to deal.

Mr. Arthur Henderson expressed himself as very decided against doing anything likely to embarrass the Government or hinder the war.

Call Is Issued For Special Constables

A call for special constables from residents of Shanghai was issued by the Municipal Council yesterday. All males in the city over 21 years of age who are not members of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps or the Fire Brigade are urged to offer themselves as special constables in the Municipal Police Department. Those selected will sign agreements which can be terminated at 30 days notice.

The men will be required to attend drills, pass a course in the use of firearms and to undertake such police duties assigned to them and to be on duty, if necessary, from three to four hours not more than three nights weekly.

Applicants should address letters to the Captain-Superintendent of Police and the letters should be marked "Special Constables."

FETE TRIANON OPENS AND PLEASES CROWDS

First Day Of Big Benefit Scores
Success; Expect Larger
Attendance Today

Lowering skies had no power to counteract the lure of the big pavilion at the French Park and between five and six hundred people were out yesterday afternoon for the opening of the Fete Trianon. And every one was pleased.

It might be well to mention right here that the pavilion has been carefully water-proofed, so fear of the elements need not keep the crowd away.

A brisk business was reported yesterday by the ladies in charge of the many and elaborately stocked stalls, while the dancing floor, chutes, ferris wheel, bar and various other side attractions drew well with the patrons. Consuls-General Siffert and Wilden and Lady Fraser and Mme. Wilden officiated at the formal opening, which was a simple ceremony, without speeches, and during the afternoon most of the Allied Consuls were in attendance.

The tea daisant was eminently a success and promises to be one of the big drawing cards in today's program. Mrs. Kadoorie, assisted by Mrs. McCoy and the Misses Limby, Ardain, Arthur, Gray, Fraser, Elias, Dawson, Hughes, Gensburger, Craddock, Carlsio, Dard, Jouravel, Judah, Newcomb, Nigus, McBain, Saphire, Sharp, Shepherd, Symons, Trueman, Toeg and de Berigny, all daintily attired in Marie Antoinette costumes, managed the service and the tea and dance proved a very pleasing affair.

The Supper Cabaret of the evening was the feature event of the day and each of the artists contributing scored a direct hit with his or her audience. The songs were finely done and the dancing numbers arranged by Mr. de Luca came in for much praise. Mrs. Isenman received a shower of congratulations for her efficient management of the affair.

The Carlton orchestra furnished music and supper was served in the colorful little supper bower by the Carlton Cafe.

The program is to be repeated today when it is hoped that a larger attendance will be present. Remember all the proceeds go to French and Belgian War Funds.

Closer Supervision Over Enemy Subjects

Germans And Austro-Hungarians In Shanghai Must
Register Twice Weekly

Closer supervision of the activities of enemy residents will be exercised by the Municipal Police beginning May 8, when all Germans and Austro-Hungarians will be required to register at the police stations in the districts where they reside twice weekly, on Wednesday and Sunday. Alien enemies are required to register but once a week at present.

Registration hours will be from 8 a.m. until 6 p.m.

The Weather

Very cloudy. The maximum temperature yesterday was 77.7 and the minimum 56.7, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 71.1 and 53.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY HAS STORMY SESSION OVER IRISH POSITION

Proposed Telegram Deploing
Opposition To Conscription
Causes A Hot Debate

APPROVED UNANIMOUSLY

Then Meeting Refuses To En-
dorse Sending It Now And
Adjourns Deadlocked

After a stormy session Shanghai Irishmen at a meeting of the St. Patrick's Society yesterday evening at the Palace Hotel unanimously passed a resolution deploring Ireland's attitude and urging Irishmen at home to compose their differences quickly and help avert the far greater danger from outside which threatens Ireland's very existence as a nation.

Irish politics played a prominent part in the meeting and the eighty present split into two factions when the question of sending the telegram to the Premier today was brought before the house. Many believed that in view of the cables of yesterday the sending of a telegram from Shanghai Irishmen at this time was not opportune. The telegram will not go today, as forty voted in favor and forty against the motion.

Compromise Is Proposed

When it was found that the house was hopelessly split on the proper time to send the cable, Mr. L. P. O'Driscoll presented a compromise telegram, but this was not brought before the meeting. The message suggested by Mr. O'Driscoll follows:

"The St. Patrick's Society of Shanghai rejoices at the prospect of an early settlement of the Irish question and urges Irishmen of all creeds and classes to cheerfully accept all war measures considered necessary by the Government in the interests of the Empire and Ireland."

The resolution that was passed, but which will not be cable to the Premier at this time, was presented by President H. G. Simms. It follows:

"St. Patrick's society of Shanghai, comprising Irishmen of all denominations, view with grave concern the attitude in Ireland towards helping to win the war. It is directly assisting the enemy and bringing the name of Irishmen into disrepute throughout the world. We strongly urge Irishmen to compose their differences quickly and help avert the far greater danger from outside which threatens Ireland's very existence as a nation."

Mr. Simms' Speech

The Chairman said: "For the second time during this great world war we have met together for the purpose of protesting against the attitude of our country towards helping to bring the war to a speedy and successful conclusion. 'At this critical juncture when the enemy is putting forth another of his gigantic efforts to destroy our freedom and to render us no longer masters of our own destiny, all classes and sections of the Allied peoples with the exception of Ireland are fired to greater efforts to avert the danger which threatens us.'"

"In France and Flanders the greatest attack on liberty the world has ever seen is in progress, but thank God a greater defense is there to withstand it. On that defense alone depends the freedom of the world and if Ireland does not give her whole hearted support to that defense the inference is that she does not want freedom."

"She is making the grievous blunder of trying to make it a condition that her full help to win the war will be available in return for a form of domestic government which meets with her approval, overlooking the fact that her freedom depends on the winning of the war and not on any particular form of government."

Ireland Pursues Selfish Ends
"It would be difficult to realize how any people can make such an extraordinary blunder at this stage, and I think I am not far wrong in saying that feeling convinced of the ability of the Allied Powers to secure the world's freedom without her full help Ireland is using the present situation for her own selfish ends."

"If I long to have something which someone else possesses would (Continued on Page 2)

Today Is The First Day Of Tank Week; £250,000 To Help Beat Kaiser Is Goal



This is the dreadnaught of the trenches that will lead the procession down the Bund today and cruise about the city next week. It was built on a Buick chassis provided by Honigsberg and Co. In the picture are some of the men leading the £250,000 Tank Week campaign.

Light Horse To Lead Land Cruiser Down Bund At Noon To Shanghai Club Where Sir Everard Fraser Will Open Week Formally

Today Is Tank Day!

The following six week days will also be Tank Days, going to make up Shanghai's Tank Week in which it is hoped to raise locally £250,000 in British National War Bonds and War Savings certificates.

A tank procession of martial aspect, speeches and an exhibition of the first subscription phase of the drive will feature the launching of the campaign this noon. A further feature of the day will be the exhibition of the big Buick Tank at the French Fete this afternoon. Thenceforth the pugnacious looking replica of the British engine of war will lumber daily through the streets to keep up the spirit of the drive and with other stimulants of enthusiasm will work to pour a stream of dollars into the proper agencies, where they will do the most good toward kicking the Kaiser.

An ingenious member of the Tank Committee has figured out that the £250,000 which is the goal set will finance Britain's warring forces for three-quarters of an hour. And, as somebody points out, it may be that forty-five minutes which will encompass the decisive wallow to put the Teutons hors de combat.

Today's tank procession will be formed near the Garden Bridge and

will move from that location southward on the Bund at 11.45 a.m. The Shanghai Light Horse will lead off, followed by the band, after which the huge gray, caterpillar Tank will rumble its way. A special Naval cortege made up of fifty men from the veteran British monitors Bee and Scarab will follow. Tank and then will come the representatives of the S.V.C. units, under command of Captain Billings. It is figured that the procession will reach the Shanghai Club about on the stroke of noon and here the Tank will be taken under escort by the Boy Scouts and Wolf Cubs.

British Consul-General Sir Everard Fraser will make the speech at the Club formally inaugurating the Week. Mr. C. M. Bain will then take the floor and the auction will be on. This event has a novelty which is sure to appeal. The auction will have two angles. First, Mr. Bain will call for bids for the privilege of signing the first check or compendore order for National War Bonds. Bids are to be made in Sterling, to go through the local banks, and bidding will start at £50 and go up in £50 rises to £500. From this point bids must be of £100.

The second auction will be for the first investment of the drive in the China and Japan War Savings Association. This will be in Taels, starting at Tls. 100 and going up by Tls. 50 to Tls. 1,000, when the bids will assume Tls. 100 size.

And here a feature of the auction—the name of everyone who enters a bid will be carefully jotted down. A highly competent committee will see that each is noted with care. And those who are not as fortunate as to gain the privilege of first investment in bonds or certificates will yet have the opportunity of subscribing the amount of their highest bids to one or other of the funds.

In the afternoon, as mentioned, the Tank will be on display at the Fete Trianon and souvenirs will be sold. Further features are being planned by the Committee for next week and a special working Committee of about thirty members will be out canvassing the British and Allied hongs and firms for the campaign.

Application forms for the British National War Bonds have been printed and may be secured from the Committee and sent in to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

GERMAN-DUTCH STATUS STILL UNDER SHROUD

One Paper Says Negotiations
Are Amicably Settled, Other
Says They Are Still On

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, May 1.—The Nieuwe Rotterdam Courant reports that a mutually satisfactory arrangement has been reached between Holland and Germany, concerning which an announcement may be expected very shortly.

The Dutch press is still unaware of the precise nature of Germany's demands and the answer given by the Netherlands Government but it is taken for granted that it included, among other things, that German sea-going vessels might use the Western Scheldt and Holland refused.

Amsterdam, May 2.—The Handelsblad says that the statement in the Nieuwe Rotterdam Courant cabled last night is too optimistic and negotiations between Holland and Germany are still proceeding.

Paris, May 1.—Interviewed by Le Petit Journal, M. Holbert, a director of the Dutch newspaper, Telegraaf, expressed the opinion that Germany has tried the effects of pressure and violence on Holland and Switzerland and latterly had decided that the time was inopportune to attack either country. "It is the splendid resistance of the French and British forces that has saved Holland. Germany cannot withdraw men to attack Holland." M. Holdert affirmed that the governing classes in Holland realized that Germany will be defeated.

Central Powers Told By Ukraine It Can't Give Promised Grain

Peasants Won't Permit Delivery
Of 12,000,000 Poods Of
Wheat Agreed On

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, May 1.—A telegram from Berné states that, according to the Munich newspapers yesterday, the Ukraine agreed to supply the Central Powers during the month of May with 12,000,000 poods of wheat. The Government now informs the Central Powers that it cannot fulfill these promises because the Ukrainian peasants are showing strong opposition to deliver their product.

American Coast Ship Sunk With Loss Of 74

City Of Athens Goes Down
After Collision With
A Cruiser

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, May 2.—The coasting steamer City of Athens, has been sunk as the result of a collision with a cruiser. Seventy-four persons on board the steamer were drowned.

HAYASHI OFF FOR HANKOW

Reuter's Pacific Service
Peking, May 2.—The Japanese Ambassador, Baron Hayashi, left for Hankow this morning.

ARTILLERY DUELS ONLY ACTIVITY ON FLANDERS FRONT

Germans, Heavily Punished,
Attempt No More
Infantry Attacks

KEMMEL A TRAP?

Hill Is Heavily Shelled By
French And British
Guns

POSITION PERILOUS

Enemy's Hold On Solitary
Hill May Prove Dis-
astrous Venture

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 2.—Noon.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this morning:

The enemy's artillery developed considerable activity early this morning in the sector of Villers-Bretonneux and in the neighborhood of Meris.

There was some activity also during the night in the Arras-Lens and St. Venant sectors, but no infantry action.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported last evening:

The enemy artillery has been active against our back areas in the neighborhood of Bethune. It also heavily shelled the French positions at Loore. Otherwise there have only been local encounters.

We took 1,661 prisoners during March, of whom fifty-nine were officers, and 5,241 during April, of whom 136 were officers. These figures are exclusive of the casualties made by the French.

Aviation.—There was mist and rain yesterday. We bombed the enemy troops between Leere and Voormezele.

We brought down one enemy machine. One of ours is missing. (By wireless.)—A German official communiqué reports: We repulsed French assaults against Dranoutre. The French troops captured Voormezele.

We have occupied Theodisia in the Crimea.

Mount Kemmel Shelled

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters wired yesterday:

Activity on the battle-front during the past twenty-four hours has been confined to the artillery. The French and British batteries constantly shelled Mount Kemmel and, unless the enemy can push on beyond this isolated fastness, he might find the tragic lesson of Majuba repeated and the hill-top practically a death-trap. The real advantage of Mount Kemmel to the enemy is tactical and he has now been committed to trying to push on to capture the whole chain to Mount de Cats.

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters reports this evening: The Australians have rushed an enemy post near Meteret.

The German field recruit depot are being heavily drawn upon to replace the recent casualties. The 13th Reserve Division has just received a company of 250 boys of the 1920 class who have only had eight weeks training. They are not to be engaged in the fighting, unless it is absolutely necessary, but the fact that they are now with the division in the battle-line suggests the anticipation that they may have to be used.

Germans Explaining Check
Prisoners say that a good deal of explaining away has been in progress behind the enemy lines lately. When an attack is repulsed the German officers tell the men that it was not seriously intended as an offensive maneuver but was merely a reconnaissance in force to test the strength of the enemy.

Press Bureau: Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig has congratulated the 9th division on the great gallantry it displayed at Wytschaete, in the battle of the Lys and on many other occasions southward of Arras: the 25th Division on the courage, enterprise and resolution it displayed in a counter-attack on April 26: the

240,000 TONS OF SHIPS BUILT IN U. S. IN APRIL

New Program Includes 200
Wooden Vessels Of 4,500
Tons Each

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, May 1.—The Shipping Board announces that 240,000 tons of new shipping was constructed in April.

Mr. Hurley, the Shipping Controller, states that the new shipping program includes 200 wooden vessels of 4,500 tons each.

Anarchists Disarmed In Russian Capital

No Official Confirmation Of
Counter-Revolution Report,
Balfour Announces

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Moscow, April 23.—Disarmament of the anarchists in Petrograd was carried out on the night of the 22nd and everything is very quiet.

General Kaledin's troops entered Novo Tcherkask but were ejected by the Soviet forces.

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons today Mr. A. J. Balfour, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, stated that there was no official confirmation of the report of a counter-revolution in Petrograd.

31st Division on its fine fighting qualities in the battle of the Lys and southward of Arras: the 49th Division on the valuable service it rendered in checking the enemy northward of Arras; the 21st Division on the gallantry and resolution it displayed southward of Arras and northward of the Lys and the 19th Division on its determined courage in the fighting southward of Arras and southward of Ypres.

Paris, May 1.—The official communiqué issued this evening reports: There has been a fairly lively bombardment north of Montdidier.

Glorious Stand Made By British Guards At Nieppe

London, May 2.—The war correspondents in France send inspiring details of the glorious stand made by the British Guards near the Forest of Nieppe between April 11 and 14.

After the Germans broke the Portuguese line the Grenadier, Irish and Coldstream Guards were sent forward when the situation was at its worst and asked to hold back the enemy until they were reinforced and to fight at all costs for forty-eight hours. The Guards did this. Fighting in separate bodies, with the enemy on both flanks and greatly outnumbered, they beat back repeated attacks for two days and nights. Parties of them were standing back to back firing on all sides until only isolated soldiers were left, gaining time until the Australians arrived according to time-table.

German Defeat Called A Veritable Massacre

Paris, May 1.—The papers this morning are unanimous in stating that the recent fighting in Flanders has been a veritable and sanguinary defeat for the Germans.

L'Echo de Paris speaks of the struggle on Monday as follows: From six in the morning to midnight waves of Prussian and Bavarian infantry broke against the positions held by the French and English troops. It was a veritable massacre. Rarely have so many dead been seen, even since the great German offensive. The best regiments of the Army Corps commanded by General von Sieger and General von Eberhard were decimated. This magnificent result was obtained without General Foch being obliged to engage his reserves or to reinforce his troops, which were very inferior in number to those of the assailant which occupied the sector of the offensive.

The papers think, moreover, that the Germans will be obliged, because of their very dangerous position, to continue their costly attempts on both sides.

SEAMEN DETERMINED TO BOYCOTT GERMANS

British League Increases Limit Of After-War Ban To Five And A Half Years

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, May 2.—Mr. Havelock Wilson, President of the British Seamen's and Firemen's Union, in a statement with regard to the sacrifice of the merchant marine, stated that 150,000 British seamen have been murdered by German pirates during the war at sea. These murders were growing despite the decline in the number of ships attacked, because the Hun is more determined than ever that the sailors were in deadly earnest in their determination to apply a punitive boycott to Germany after the war. Masters, officers and seamen were in hearty unanimity in their determination after the war not to handle stuff in any way connected with Germany. A year ago the limit for the boycott was two years. Now, owing to the increased crimes of the enemy, it had been extended to five and a half years.

Mr. Wilson emphasised, in the strongest terms, that the boycott would be enforced to the uttermost. He had proofs that commercial folk in Germany are very uneasy in that connection, because they knew British sailors possessed the power and influence to make good their threat and because opinion is hardening daily. Mr. Wilson added that the Seamen's League is growing every day and there are already 100,000 members. Candidates for Parliament at the next elections who did not favor the policy of the League would have a poor chance. Branches of the League were being organized in every constituency and would run candidates against those who did not satisfy their objects.

Australian Recruiting Continues Improving

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Melbourne, May 2.—Recruiting continues to improve. Mr. Heltmann, a member of the Federal Parliament for Kalgourie, has enlisted.

Zanzibar Gives £25,000 To Britain For War

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, May 1.—The Imperial Government has graciously accepted a gift of £25,000 from the Government of Zanzibar towards the cost of the war, making the total from Zanzibar altogether £100,000.

Rumanian Claim To Bessarabia Disputed

Russia Declares It Is A Violation Of Agreement Made With Bukharest

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Moscow, May 1.—The Government has protested against the recent Rumanian announcement stating that Rumania will henceforth consider Bessarabia an inalienable part of Rumania. The protest adds that this is a flagrant violation of the agreement between Russia and the previous Rumanian Government and also a violation of the aspirations of the population of Bessarabia.

PEKING IS WORRIED OVER HUNAN DEFEAT

Sudden Rally By Southern Forces Causes Hasty Military Conferences

(Reuter's Pacific Service) Peking, May 3.—Judging from the prolonged military conferences in Peking during the last two days, the situation in Hunan is regarded very seriously. The actual cause of the reverse has not been revealed. General Hsu Shu-cheng has left Changsha for Liling, where the Fengtien troops are already engaging the rebels. The latest despatch from Changsha reports the recapture of Liling.

The United Chambers of Commerce now in conference in Tientsin addressed a petition to President Feng Thursday, protesting against the new Sino-Japanese Alliance, according to the Chinese press. The message stated that public opinion does not endorse the signing of such an agreement, whether it will be introduced as a war measure or not. A similar protest was received in Peking Thursday from Chang Chien, former Minister of Agriculture and Commerce.

The Joint Bureau of the General Staff and the Ministry of War in a night session Wednesday decided to despatch Fengtien troops to reinforce the Hunan forces instead of Szechuen, as previously ordered, in view of the grave situation on the Hunan front. The Kiangsi troops were also ordered to hold their base for the present instead of advancing on Kwantung. The punitive forces on their way to Ichang have been ordered to return to Changsha, which is being threatened.

The Ministry of War granted Thursday the payment of \$500,000 and the handing over of 800 cases of munitions to General Tiao Kun through his representative, Li Hung-chu.

Fifteen delegates from Newchwang are now in Shanghai attempting to secure the release of Yin Chen-wu, alias Sung Jang-tu, who was handed over to the Arsenal authorities following preliminary hearings at the Mixed Court, charged with being implicated in the murder of Admiral Tzeng Ju-cheng in 1915. The men are armed with a petition alleged to have been chopped by 33 reputable commercial houses in the Eastern port, setting forth the evidence that Yin and Sung were two different persons.

Record British Budget Has Little Opposition

Largest In History Of World Going Through Commons Almost Without Debate

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, May 2.—The highest budget in the history of the world is passing easily through the House of Commons. The total taxation involved is \$842,000,000, but the House of Commons confirmed all the necessary resolutions after a brief and tranquil discussion. The new sugar duty was confirmed by 141 votes to 56 and the majority of the other increases of taxation was agreed to after little debate, the resolutions having been adopted on the report when the bill was introduced and read for the first time.

LORD DERBY PRESENTS CREDENTIALS IN PARIS

New British Ambassador And President Poincare Exchange Felicitous Speeches

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Paris, May 1.—Cordial speeches were exchanged by President Poincare and Lord Derby on the occasion of the latter's presentation of his credentials as new British Ambassador at Paris. Lord Derby voiced the deep admiration of the British for the splendid feats of arms of the French, declared that the feeling which determined the entry of the Empire into the war was as strong as ever and the same determination exists to spare nothing in order to ensure a victory from which a lasting peace will result. President Poincare replied in felicitous terms.

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN anywhere, any place, any time. Have some views of your home or office taken

W.K. STANION FOUND SHOT TO DEATH IN HIS HOME

Body Of Well Known Resident Found In Storeroom With Rifle Beside It

Mr. William K. Stanion, formerly of the firm of Arnold-Karberg and Co., and well known here, was found dead shortly after noon yesterday in his home at 25 Wong Ka Shaw Gardens with a rifle bullet through his head.

Mr. Stanion since severing connections with Arnold-Karberg had engaged in piece goods business for himself but recently had been unemployed and it is thought depression may have caused the act. He had only recently returned from a trip home.

A call was sent in to the Sina police station by Mr. H. H. Fowler of Walter Nutter and Co. at 1.25 p.m. yesterday and officers went at once to the Stanion home. They found the body lying on the floor in a storeroom on the second floor, dressed in a kimono and underclothing. A Lee Enfield rifle and a .45 caliber Webley revolver lay beside it.

The bullet which inflicted the mortal wound passed through its victim's mouth and on through the head, tearing on through the ceiling of the room. The rifle was examined and showed signs of recently being used. The revolver had evidently not been fired lately.

Previous to the arrival of the police Dr. E. D. Jackson examined the body and pronounced Mr. Stanion dead. The body was later removed to the Pearson Road mortuary for an inquest.

Mr. Stanion was a British subject and came out to Shanghai about eight years ago. He leaves a wife and children. He was formerly quite well known in sporting circles, especially among followers of cricket.

'Louie' Will Be Host To 'Hello, Shanghai' Cast

Maybe He Will Even Repeat His Imperishable Lines From Act Four

For five evenings Mr. Louis Ladow has filled the genial role of mine host in the pseudo-though realistically reminiscent—Cartoon that figures in "Hello, Shanghai!"

Now he is to appear in a little production of his own, wherein he will be genuine host at the Carlton itself to all the people who started with him on the stage.

Yesterday Mr. Ladow sent out invitations to everyone in the big cast to be his guest at a dinner which will be given at 8 o'clock next Wednesday evening. Thus does Louie elaborate his debut to the brilliant side of the footlights. But this is not all.

In addition, 200 tickets for the dinner will be placed on sale at Moutrie's today for the theater-going, or non-theater-going, public. The tickets will sell for \$5 each and the entire proceeds of the sale will go to swell the Allied War Funds to which "Hello, Shanghai!" has already so nobly contributed.

There will be all sorts of stunts and musical numbers during the dinner party and a "big" evening is an assured prospect.

Plans are afoot to have Mr. Ladow repeat his "big scene" from the fourth act.

TROUBLE IN VLADIVOSTOK

Reuter's Pacific Service

Vladivostok, May 2.—A Bolshevik demonstration in the form of a lantern procession took place last night. At first it was orderly but at midnight drunkards were observed at several places. The Japanese patrol in front of Honganji Temple was fired upon twice, without anybody receiving injury. One of the offenders was arrested and a protest was lodged with the Commander.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation

15 Nanking Road.
\$1 opens a Savings Account
\$50 opens a Checking Account

To illustrate vividly how "money makes money," the following table of ten cents a day saved is worth presenting:

| End of | Interest at 4% |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1st year..... | \$36.50 \$1.47 |
| 2nd | 74.47 3.00 |
| 3rd | 113.98 4.60 |
| 4th | 155.08 6.26 |
| 5th | 197.84 7.99 |
| 6th | 242.33 9.73 |
| 7th | 288.61 11.65 |
| 8th | 336.77 13.60 |
| 9th | 386.87 15.63 |
| 10th | 439.00 17.73 |
| 11th | 493.23 19.92 |
| 12th | 549.65 22.20 |
| 13th | 608.35 24.57 |
| 14th | 669.43 27.04 |
| 15th | 732.97 29.61 |
| 16th | 799.08 32.28 |
| 17th | 867.86 35.06 |
| 18th | 939.42 37.95 |
| 19th | 1,013.87 40.96 |
| 20th | 1,091.33 |

Every man, woman and child with an income of less than Ts. 500 a month should have a savings account.

Add a link each month to your chain of independence.

\$1 opens a Savings Account
\$50 opens a Checking Account

British Troops Raid Enemy Lines In Italy

Losses Inflicted On Austrians South Of Canove And Asiago

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Rome, May 1.—An official communiqué reports:

The British troops made raids southwest of Canove and southward of Asiago, inflicting losses on the enemy.

There have been reciprocal artillery actions at Tonale, on both sides of the Brenta and near Cornuba. A direct hit made by our shells blew up an ammunition dump at Costa.

St. Patrick's Society Has Stopped My Session

(Continued from Page 1)

I take advantage of his being engaged in a life and dash struggle with a powerful adversary to press my claim, especially when I know that if he is beaten by that powerful adversary what I desire to obtain is no longer in existence who there is every prospect of my being wiped out of existence in turn?

"No, Gentlemen, there is only one common sense course for Ireland to follow, and that is to give her wholehearted support to knock out the powerful adversary and help preserve that which she holds dearest, her liberty, thus securing the foundation on which to build her new form of Government."

"As I have said before from this chair, we Irishmen in China are bound to point out to our countrymen at home the folly of their present attitude. At this stage there is only one position open. That is we must be heart and soul with the Allies and help them by whatever means we have at our disposal. Any one of us who falls short of this attitude is an enemy. Those who are not with us are against us. There is no middle course. Ireland must make up her mind quickly and it is our fervent hope that even at this eleventh hour she may go down to history as having put her whole strength on the side of right and justice to defend our civilisation and to avenge the utter wrongs inflicted on innocent and helpless people."

"May those who come after us never have to say that when Ireland was beckoned on to come over and help defend the old civilisation of our patron Saint she replied, we are too busy with our own affairs."

Secret Ballot Refused

Spirited discussion followed the presentation of this resolution and although the meeting was adjourned for the resolution, the refusal of Chairman H. G. Simms to allow a secret ballot

on the question brought a storm of protest.

Major T. E. Trueman, vice-president of the society, was charged by members with making statements in the committee meeting to the effect that "No man would dare oppose the resolution; it is more than his job is worth and it would be a marked man in Shanghai." The charges were made by Mr. J. Egan and he did not name any member of the committee when he alleged the statements.

When cries of "Who is he?" were heard, Major Trueman admitted that he had made some of the statements and he said further that "Any man who opposed the resolution would be a marked man and not only that but he would be the rankest kind of a Prussian."

"I do not believe that any man here will oppose the resolution," concluded Major Trueman.

This brought a response from Mr. Dominick Toomey, who inquired why the meeting was called and termed Major Trueman's remarks "the worst sort of Prussianism, that sort that prompted two of my sons to enlist with the colors."

Major Trueman stated that his remarks were misinterpreted and he said that "Every man would be a marked man because he would be contra-Ally."

Mr. Egan insisted that the resolution be put to the house for ballot and that the usual method of voting by show of hands should be dispensed with. The President declared Mr. Egan out of order and Mr. McErlain, who said he "was an Irishman from Belfast and could give the members his name in Irish," said that the reason certain members wanted the ballot was because of the alleged "threats by a member of the committee."

President Simms protested that the statements of any member did not represent the sentiments of the committee. He pleaded for unity but refused to allow the members to vote by ballot.

President Simms suggested that Major Trueman's remarks had been misconstrued, but Mr. Egan was obdurate and was again ruled out of order.

All Insist On Loyalty

Despite the discussion on the method of voting, loyalty and patriotism were the keywords of the meeting and when Inspector J. Dee said that regardless of any discussion, "we are all on the side of the Empire," the members cheered to the echo.

Home rule was injected into the discussion and the chairman pleaded with the house to "keep politics out of the meeting."

"It's all politics," was the response from one section.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson urged the passage of the resolution because he said, "if you pass it, you are assisting Home Rule and if you do not, you oppose Home Rule."

Speakers insisted that there was no question about the unanimous approval of the resolution, but did not favor voting by hand in view of the alleged threats by the committee member charged.

Mr. Joseph Keegan spoke on behalf of the Irishmen of America. "Had this meeting been held in the United States, this telegram would have been sent in five minutes," he said. "It is not the color of the coat or the kind of a collar, it is because of the necessity of putting a united front to the common enemy that this resolution is suggested."

One member facetiously suggested that after the threat made in the committee opposers would "not have a coat or collar to wear if they opposed the motion."

President Simms ruled, after heated discussion, that the resolution would be put before the house and he called for a show of hands. Twice he attempted to get a vote and was interrupted by speakers who insisted that the time for sending the telegram be not included in the resolution. This was finally conceded and the resolution passed unanimously.

Then the real fun began. Mr. Lydon believed that it was an inopportune time to send the cable and he had many supporters.

The President called for a vote on "sending the telegram tomorrow" and after several attempts to count the vote, it was found that forty were in favor and forty against. President Simms immediately attempted to adjourn the meeting but Mr. O'Driscoll presented his compromise telegram but this was not acted upon.

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Holland's Delays Forced Allies' Seizure Of Ships

Failure To Act Would Have Played Into German Hands, British Note To Amsterdam Contends

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, May 1.—The reply of the British Government to the Amsterdam note concerning the requisition of Dutch shipping in allied ports, part of which was cabled yesterday, continues:

While recognising that the Dutch delegates who discussed outstanding questions at the end of last year between the Netherlands and the allied Governments were not plenipotentiaries, His Majesty's Government repudiates the suggestion that the negotiations were merely preliminaries on which the Netherlands should subsequently make proposals. This view is supported by a letter from the Netherlands Government to a Dutch delegate, which is quoted.

A proposed basis was drawn up setting the main principles and the Dutch delegates returned to Holland to explain and obtain confirmation of their proposals at the end of January. His Majesty's Government was given to understand that the Dutch reply might be expected in a few days and it would be a favorable reply. However, it never came.

Meanwhile, on January 20, an arrangement, the so-called "modus vivendi," was settled, whereby certain Dutch vessels could be used immediately outside the submarine zone, of which 150,000 tons might be employed for Belgian relief. On the departure of a Belgian relief ship for Holland, a corresponding ship should sail from Holland to the United States.

This "modus vivendi" broke down owing to German opposition and only nine Dutch ships, out of the sixty-five lying in American ports, had sailed by the end of February, when the Netherlands requested an advance of 100,000 tons of wheat on the ground that practically all the ships had already sailed.

The British reply points out that the Dutch note issued on March 30, produces the impression that when the allied Governments ultimately requisitioned Dutch tonnage the step was taken entirely unexpectedly. Yet explicit intimations that if an agreement was not reached other measures must be taken, were conveyed to the Netherlands Government on March 8 and 12. More over, on March 21, the Netherlands delegate remaining in London was informed that it looked as if it would reciprocally relieve the situation if tonnage was requisitioned, but two months had elapsed in which the Netherlands Government was silent, although the situation had materially changed.

Nevertheless the allied Governments, which would greatly have preferred an arrangement by mutual consent, made another determined effort to reach a satisfactory conclusion, submitting a proposal which the Netherlands Government accepted in form on March 17, but coupled with conditions which made the acceptance nugatory. The Netherlands Government implied that new conditions were necessary from the point of view of neutrality. This is not supported by international law; it is merely a rule the Netherlands Government made for itself as the Dutch Minister for Foreign Affairs himself stated.

The rejection on the British side of the requisitioning of tonnage was inevitable, unless the state of things was to continue, which it was the object of the Central Powers to achieve; namely, the immobilisation of Dutch shipping.

The note recalls the very liberal conditions granted by the allied Governments for the use of requisitioned ships and their intimations to the Netherlands of their readiness to facilitate the carriage of grain to Holland by the Dutch vessels now lying at Buenos Aires, Savannah and Curacao.

The British note refutes the assertion contained in the Dutch note that negotiations for an economic agreement for the import into Holland of large quantities of food and other necessities had been abruptly terminated by the action of the allied Governments and declares that there is no obstacle to a continuation of the negotiations at any date and, if the negotiations proceed any further and a final arrangement is not reached, the responsibility will not rest with the allied Governments.

The reply deals at considerable length with the contention of the Netherlands Government that the Right of Angary is obsolete. It quotes numerous international jurists disapproving this assertion, shows that it has been employed on various occasions, is particularly mentioned in a number of modern treaties and full exercise of the right has not been applied.

The note concludes with an expression of the hope that the explanations given will remove from the mind of the Netherlands Government and the Dutch people any misconception regarding the proceedings of the allied Governments and that it will be realised that the latter have done everything in their power to render the action they have been compelled to take, and which in their opinion is fully justified under international law, as little injurious as possible to the interests of the Netherlands.

Edward Shortt, as Chief Secretary for Ireland. Mr. Shortt is not merely a home ruler but also voted with the Nationalists against conscription. The Daily Telegraph says the members of the Labor deputation, who waited on the Premier in the House of Commons on the 29th respecting conscription in Ireland, admit that Mr. Lloyd George spoke with a combination of frankness and firmness. He listened very patiently to a reasoned statement prepared by Mr. Arthur Henderson from representations made by a deputation of Irish Trade Unionists and the lengthy explanation of Mr. J. H. Thomas, Labor M.P. for Derby and General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, who has been in Ireland on the railwaymen's business.

The Premier promised that the Cabinet would fully consider the representations made by the Labor deputation but he held out no hope that so far as he personally was concerned, there would be any change in the policy of the Government. Mr. Lloyd George in a powerful speech insisted that equal rights of citizenship involved equality of duty and responsibility and Ireland cannot take all the advantages accruing from its association with Great Britain while refusing to bear a share of the burdens and sacrifices of the United Kingdom of which it is a part.

Ireland did not refuse the gift of the Daily Telegraph recalls that old age pensions from the English Parliament, nor the advance of money by Great Britain for land purchase and the building of laborers' cottages. Many members of the Labor Party in and out of Parliament share the Premier's views and those laborites who oppose conscription in Ireland do so not from principle but because they believe it unwise in the existing circumstances.

The Council of the Catholic Union of Great Britain has passed resolutions regretting the action of the Irish Catholic Bishops in resisting

conscription; expressing the opinion that it is just and right that the people of every portion of the United Kingdom should share in the defense of the Empire and the liberties of mankind; regarding with misgiving ecclesiastical interference in temporal and political questions and requesting the President of the Union and Admiral of the Fleet Lord Kerr, to forward these resolutions to the Pope.

BAGDAD IS PROSPEROUS SINCE TAKEN BY BRITISH

Land Cultivated, Railways And Roads Developed, Prices Of Commodities Lowered

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 1.—A telegram from Bagdad states that the results of a year of British military administration of the Bagdad vilayet are highly satisfactory.

Land which has not been tilled for many years is being energetically developed, sanitation has been improved and dispensaries for civilians established. Friendly relations prevail everywhere between the civil population and the British soldiers, who respect local prejudices, associate with the population and help them whenever they can. Trade is reviving, the transport of goods is unprecedentedly secure and the prices of commodities are falling. Owing to the British developing irrigation, which the Turks neglected, over 300,000 acres of land has been brought under cultivation and the greatest harvest in memory of man is probable, saving thousands of tons of transport by rail, river and sea, enriching the cultivators and bringing settlement and content.

Mail Notices

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For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikuzen M. May 7
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. May 10
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. May 11
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. May 13
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. May 15
For U.S. Canada and Europe:—
Per O.R.K. s.s. Manila M. May 4
For Manila:—
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador May 4
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NAVY LEAGUE MEETING FAILS TO DRAW QUORUM

Business Postponed For Another Session And Committee Named To Stir Up Members

Lack of a quorum prevented transaction of the regular business at the meeting of the Shanghai Branch of the Navy League of the United States yesterday. Only nine of the 130 members turned up for the session and at the suggestion of Judge Lobinger, president, it was moved to adjourn until May 13, when it is hoped that a greater interest in the organization's affairs will be evidenced by the membership.

It is felt that many of the functions which would be filled by the Navy League branch in ordinary times now come under the activities of the American Red Cross chapter and this sentiment was expressed by Judge Lobinger in a short address. "The branch of the Navy League was formed about a year ago," said the president, "and it was only shortly afterwards that America's entry into the war brought into being the American War Relief Association, which became all absorbing in matters of war relief, as it properly should have. The War Relief Association was then merged into the Red Cross and practically all efforts are being centered in this. I find a unanimity of opinion that the Navy League should not at this time put its program into effect because of a tendency to detract from the activities of the Red Cross. I make this statement because there may be some members who might think that the functions of the Navy League are being slighted."

Several members present endorsed this view. Mr. W. S. Fleming suggested that the activities of the organization be defined and determined at the next meeting and also that it be decided whether the branch retain its present form of organization or be merged with the general organization at home. Dr. Charles F. Fondey's appointment to the post of secretary and treasurer, to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Seitz, was confirmed and Judge Lobinger appointed a committee of five to round up the languorous members for the postponed meeting. The meeting will be held in the U. S. Court rooms at 5.15 p.m.

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IRISH HOME RULE BILL MAY BE PUT OFF, TOO

Opposition Among Conservatives Increases And Measure Likely To Be Abandoned

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 2.—Sir Edward Carson has written to the secretary of the Irish Southern Unionist Committee declaring that it is little short of insanity to reopen the question of home rule in the midst of the very grave crisis in Europe.

The lobby correspondent of the Daily News states that the Government is in serious difficulties over its Irish policy. Several peers have refused the Viceroyalty of Ireland, the Committee drafting the home rule bill has settled nothing except the preamble proclaiming the principle of federation and there is little hope that the bill will be introduced in the House of Commons next week.

The Conservative opposition to the home rule bill has stiffened and, at a meeting held at the House of Commons yesterday, presided over by the Duke of Buccleuch, a deputation was appointed to urge on Mr. Walter Long that in the home rule bill the ports, harbors, post-office and railways should be reserved to the Imperial Parliament. It is not improbable that the Government for the time being will abandon both home rule and conscription.

The Dublin correspondent of the Daily Chronicle states that there has been an almost incredible improvement in feeling in Ireland in consequence of the appointment of Mr.

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The Illustrious & most noble Princess, the Lady Frances, Duchess of Richmond and Lennox to whom Captain John Smith wrote his "Epistle Dedicatorie" in the "Generall Historie of Virginia". This lady appears to have exercised an inspiring influence over the Captain both in respect of his adventures and the penning of his "poore ragged lines which have no helpe but the shrine of your glorious name." The knowledge of appreciation will ever spur men on towards difficult undertakings and if there be one inspiration enjoyed by all those concerned in the production of the "Three Castles" Cigarettes it is the appreciation of the distinguished gentlemen who smoke them.

"There's no sweeter Tobacco comes from Virginia and no better Brand than the 'THREE CASTLES'"
W.M. Thackeray "The Virginians"

W.D. & H.O. WILLS Bristol and London, England.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.



TWO AIRMEN GET V. C. FOR FIGHT AGAINST ODDS

One Engages 19 Enemy Planes Alone, Brings Down Three And Descends Safely

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, May 1.—The Victoria Cross is awarded to two officers of the Royal Air Force.

Lieutenant Alan Jerrard was attacked by five enemy aeroplanes and shot down one of them in flames. He then attacked an enemy aerodrome, from a height of fifty feet, and engaged, single-handed, nineteen machines which were landing or attempting to rise and destroyed them. Subsequently, although attacked by a large number of machines, he went to assist the pilot of his patrol, who was in difficulties, and destroyed a third machine, after which he attacked fresh enemy machines from the aerodrome and only retreated, still engaged with five enemy machines, when ordered to retire by his patrol leader. Although apparently wounded, he repeatedly attacked, single-handed, pursuing machines until he was overwhelmed by numbers and driven down.

2nd-Lieut. Alan A. McLeod, while flying with an observer, Lieut. A. W. Hammond, bombing and machine-gunning hostile formations, was attacked at a height of 5,000 feet by eight enemy triplanes. By skilful maneuvering he enabled the observer to shoot down three of these out of control. 2nd-Lieut. McLeod was then five times wounded and a bullet penetrated the petrol-tank and set fire to the machine. He climbed out to the left of the bottom plane, controlling the machine from the side of the fuselage and, by side-slipping steeply, kept the flames to one side, enabling his observer to continue firing until the ground was reached. The observer, Lieut. A. W. Hammond, had been wounded six times when the machine crashed in No. Man's Land. 2-Lieut. McLeod, despite his own wounds, dragged him away from the burning wreckage at great personal risk from heavy enemy machine-gun fire. Although again wounded by a bomb, 2nd-Lieut. McLeod managed to place Lieut. Hammond in comparative safety before he fell himself from exhaustion and loss of blood.

NO NEW EXPLOSIVES OR GAS USED BY ENEMY

Vice-President Of Army Council Gives Assurance In Commons

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, May 1.—In the House of Commons today Mr. T. J. Macnamara stated that the Government is considering whether to leave the cruiser Vindictive unrepaid as an example and inspiration to the public.

Replying to Mr. J. D. Gilbert, Mr. J. I. Macpherson stated that there did not appear to be any evidence that the enemy had been using any new kind of explosive or gas since April 21. Mr. H. A. Watt urged that the soldiers who had been sent to France after serving three years in Gallipoli, Egypt and Palestine should be given first leave when circumstances permitted.

Mr. J. I. Macpherson, Vice-President of the Army Council, replied that all leave from France at present was suspended but cases such as those mentioned by Mr. Watt would be sympathetically considered by Sir Douglas Haig as soon as circumstances permitted.

BENEFIT SALE TODAY

The "Boothians" Girls' Club will hold a Filipino hat sale this afternoon between the hours of 3 and 6 on S. E. Henning's lawn, 128 Dixwell Road. Ice cream and cake and home made candies will also be on sale. The Club is paying for the education of a little Chinese girl.

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In large or small amounts.

Self-Imposed Income Tax Suggested For Britons

Sir Everard Fraser Makes Proposal At Annual Meeting Of Overseas League

The annual general meeting of members of the Shanghai Branch of the Patriotic League of Britons Overseas was held yesterday afternoon at 5.30 at the offices of Matland and Co., 33 Szechuen Road, with Sir Everard Fraser, British Consul-General, in the chair.

Sir Everard in his address expressed regret that counter-attractions that afternoon had prevented a large attendance. He referred to the allusions that had appeared in newspapers about remittances home having dwindled down. The reason for that was because the Patriotic League of Britons Overseas was on a different footing from other institutions in connection with the war. After all, there was no element of charity about the League, in consequence of which it refrained from doing stunts carried out by other institutions. The original form of contributions by the League was later changed to the donation of aeroplanes.

In the present late period of the war—he hoped it was a late period, although no one knew how long it was going to last—it was unnecessary to describe the aim of the League, but it was as well to remind them that just as others from their midst had gone home and given their all, so those who were still here should make an effort to do what lay in their ability.

Those who came here from home—especially officers—were apt sometimes to complain that things were much the same as before the war, and there was something in that. Early in the war it was proposed to levy an income tax, since it was generally agreed that voluntary contributions were as inequitable as voluntary enlistments. The proposals, however, was turned down when it was brought before the Imperial Government, owing to the constitutional issues it would raise, which was a pity. It was therefore their duty to tax themselves. He went on to give the rates of income tax that obtained in England, in spite of all the discomforts engendered by the war from which Shanghai was free. It might be a good thing to apply the same principle out in Shanghai, the self-imposed taxation to be regarded in the sense of conscience money.

The report and accounts for the past year were then passed and Mr. K. D. Stewart moved the alteration of a section of the Rules, his motion being that Paragraph V be altered to read as follows:

V. Management: The Branch shall be managed by a Committee elected as follows:

(a) members ex-officio:—The British Consul-General; The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; and the Presidents of the Societies of St. Andrew, St. George, St. Patrick and St. David.

One representative each to be elected by the communities of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, &c. One representative each to be elected from the Jewish, Parsee, Indian, Sikh and other British communities.

The Chairman ex-officio of the fol-

lowing bodies:—The China Association, The British Chamber of Commerce, the British Bar, the Lancastrians, the China Coast Officers' Guild, the Marine Engineers' Institute and such other British bodies as may from time to time be formed.

(b) Executive Committee: President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer and three other members who may be ex-officio members, to be elected at the annual general meeting. The Committee shall meet as occasion requires and shall convene a general meeting of members at least once a year when the annual report and accounts shall be presented and elections made.

Mr. C. W. Porter seconded this proposal, which was carried.

It was proposed by Mr. E. C. Pearce and seconded by Mr. E. I. Ezra that Sir Everard Fraser be re-elected President; the motion being carried by acclamation. On motion of Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar, seconded by Mr. C. E. Sparke, Mr. C. M. Bain was re-elected Vice-President. Mr. E. M. Ross and Mr. P. Campbell were elected Hon. Treasurer and Secretary, respectively.

The following were elected as the Executive Committee: Messrs. G. L. Campbell, W. Trenchard Davis and H. G. Simms in addition to the President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer.

The Chairman at this point rose to remind the gathering that their numbers were not kept up. Every Briton ought to do his duty, he said. When the League was started there were something like 1,200 members. Now there were not even half of that number. He urged those members who had dropped off to send in their subscriptions.

Mr. H. Brewitt moved a vote of thanks to the outgoing Committee, especially to Mr. K. D. Stewart, the retiring secretary, who was resigning owing to pressure of business. This was carried with enthusiasm.

Mr. J. Prentice moved a heavy vote of thanks to Sir Everard Fraser, which was similarly passed, as was a vote of thanks to Mr. C. M. Bain for putting at the disposal of the League the use of the premises and for the tasteful decorations.

India's Man-Power Is Pledged For War

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 1.—Press Bureau: The Viceroy has transmitted to the King-Emperor the unanimous resolution passed by the Delhi Conference of loyal response to His Majesty's message and an assurance that the man-power and resources of India will be utilised to the utmost in the cause for which the Empire is fighting.

Robbers Menacing In Central Kiangsu

Military Make Flasco Of Fighting Them And Whole District Is Threatened

China Press Correspondence

Tsingkiangpu, Ku., May 1.—Conditions north of here have become very unsettled because of robbers. The entire countryside is upset and all the farmers and small landowners that can are moving to the towns. Last year the robbers contented themselves with robbing the villages and homes of the more valuable possessions and stock but their tactics have changed and they capture the member of some family and ask ransom and, as the Chinese say, "They cannot steal their land but they make them sell it to get money to pay the ransom."

The local military authorities do not seem to be able to cope with the situation at all, simply making a flasco of fighting the robbers. The outlook is exceedingly bad unless a marked change comes soon.

On the other hand fine rains

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BRITISH SLOOP IS SUNK

Cowslip Is Torpedoed And Six Of Complement Are Missing (Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, May 1.—The Admiralty issues the following communique: The sloop Cowslip was torpedoed

and sunk on April 25. Five officers and one man are missing and it is presumed that they were killed by the explosion. Torpedo-boat No. 90 founded in heavy weather on April 25. One officer and twelve men are missing.

Your Doctor

will advise you not to drink unfiltered water.

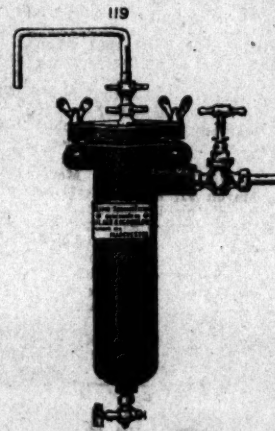
He will point out the danger attending the use of impure water, the probability of contracting disease as a result of carelessness in this regard. In all likelihood he will recommend a

Brownlow Filter

because a majority of doctors, hospitals and sanatoriums use this filter.

Your dispensary can supply you with a Brownlow Filter, buy one now before the hot weather and hot weather epidemics are here.

See a Brownlow demonstrated; see how it is made and you will appreciate why YOU need one.



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Monday, May 6th, 9.15 p.m. Special Programme

Mr. Harmston is kindly assisting the Overseas Club (Shanghai Branch) to raise that £3,000.

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To-night—The Last Night and The "BIG NIGHT"

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French and Belgian War Funds

Benevolence Sale . . 3 p.m. Tea Dansant . . 5 p.m. Cabaret Supper . . 9 p.m.

CABARET PROGRAMME

Cabaret Under the Management of Mrs. Isenman. Dances Arranged by Mr. de Luca. Music by the Carlton Orchestra.

ACCOMPANISTS :

Messrs. Hodeige, Peacock, and Young

| | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| 9.30 Dancing | 10.35 Song—Mr. Meyer | 11.15 Dancing | 11.50 Dancing | 12.45 Comic Song, Mr. Whitmore |
| 10.00 Double Quartette Mesdames Burkill, Thore- sen, Isenman Messrs. Carson, Speel- man, Blom, Meyer. | 10.40 Dancing | 11.20 Song—Aria from Mignon Mme. Fabre | 12.00 Menuet Miss Newcomb, Mr. de Luca, Miss Sharp, Mr. Steinberg | 12.50 Dancing |
| 10.10 Dancing | 10.45 Songs & Imitations Mr. Silas | 11.25 Song—Mr. Edwards | 12.10 Song—Mrs. Isherwood | 12.55 Song—Valse Mireille Miss Jouravel |
| 10.15 Song — Ninon — Miss Shepherd | 10.50 Song—April Morn Miss Jouravel | 11.45 Duet—The Black Eyed Susan — by Messrs. Browne & Donne | 12.15 Dancing | 1.00 Patriotic Song by Mr. Haynes |
| 10.20 Dancing | 10.55 Dancing | 11.35 Dancing | 12.20 Song and Dance—Mr. Glemby | 1.10 Dancing |
| 10.25 Song—Mrs. Sartz | 11.00 Magic—Mr. Dearn | 11.40 Dance by the Misses Stephens | 12.25 Song—Mr. Pardou | 1.20 Song—Mr. Browne |
| 10.30 Dancing | 11.10 Gavotte Champetre ar- ranged by Mr. de Luca, dance by Mme. Brown, Miles. Hunter and Racine | 11.30 Song—Madame Blum | 12.30 Dancing | 1.30 Dancing Until Bedtime |
| | | | 12.35 Song—Mr. Servanin | |
| | | | 12.40 Song—Valley of Laugh- ter—Mrs. McMeekin | |

Table Reservations at Moutrie's.

The New German Gun Shoots 75 Miles into Paris—But Every Dollar You Spend at the

TONIGHT

FETE-TRIANON

TONIGHT

Will mean a bullet shot "Into The Huns" from a distance of ten thousand four hundred and fourteen miles. Be sure that you go to the "FETE" and shoot as many bullets as you can afford

Come Early and Stay Late

(This space kindly donated by Gaston, Williams and Wigmore F. E. D. Inc.)

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
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Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Very cloudy weather with S-Westerly squalls at the mouth of the Yangtze and on the Yellow sea, where a depression travelling now in the waters of Shanghai is likely to progress during the night.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MAY 4, 1918

The Recent Riots

THE recent riots of ricksha pullers and hawkers have unsettled life in Shanghai with an unwelcome and unnecessary excitement and it is to be hoped that the authorities are studying the problem involved with a whole-hearted view to the prevention of their recurrence.

The rate-payers of Shanghai, to a considerable extent, are compelled to leave the question of licensing to the Municipal Council and its employees. In the hasty glance through the budget, the average rate-payer, busy with his own affairs, is not likely to notice that the hawkers license is being advanced 50 percent per month, nor is it likely to occur to him that such an advance means a good deal to a hard-working and poor class of people.

If he thinks of it at all, he probably will reach an easy conclusion to the effect that the Municipal Council has gone into the matter and that it knows what it is about. In any event he is quite prepared to shift the blame for unpleasant incidents arising from the item in question to other shoulders and to feel himself quite safe in holding the authorities responsible for any trouble their recommendations may evoke.

In the present instance he has a double complaint to make, for, if the authorities were guilty of carelessness and lack of foresight in the imposition of the new tax, they showed lamentable weakness in suspending the new levy in the face of a riot. In this latter connection, we are authentically informed that the Council had decided to rescind the additional tax before the trouble started, but the hawkers would believe this and, not believing it, they will be moved to another demonstration the next time the Municipal money getters cast an eye their way.

Meanwhile, few in Shanghai will be inclined to quarrel with these ignorant hawkers for kicking up a row. The cost of living has gone up about fifty percent in Shanghai in the last three years and they had a hard enough time of it before that happened. On top of this, the cost of their licenses was jumped 100 percent in 1915 only to be followed by an attempt to load another 50 percent on to them this year—the whole increase amounting to 200 percent over the monthly cost of a license in 1914.

It is generally known that the cost of living among the poor has appreciably risen. Such staple commodities as vermicelli, clothes, even hot water, etc., have risen in cost roughly by about fifty percent, possibly more in some cases, and this upward tendency has naturally served to breed discontent.

If the plea of a desired enhancement of the municipal revenue is brought forward, the counter-argument can be brought against it that there is considerable scope in other directions for the securing of additional revenue, if desired. No one will care to dispute the contention that in proportion to the volume of business done, the rates fall lightly on them, many merchants here, both foreign and Chinese, and the impost levied on those less fortunately placed are actually many times heavier considering the corresponding meagreness of their earnings.

If, on the other hand, it is pleaded that it is not additional revenue that is really sought but a better control of the traffic in disease-carrying fruits, vegetables and other perishable foodstuffs—which is actually claimed—then it must be clearly obvious even to the Council that there are other and more effective methods of achieving that, the matter being one for the attention of the Health Department.

In conclusion, we cannot too strongly impress on the authorities the vital necessity to display a greater measure of consideration and tolerance towards the class of people who form the subject-matter of this article, unless they want to provide Shanghai with a surfeit of riots that might easily develop into a chronic pest calculated to tax the patience and resources of the Council and police. The feeling of the community is decidedly against the imposition of ill-considered and ill-advised burdens on a class of people least able to bear them, and there is a strong unanimity on the point, and the official attitude needs to be revised if a recurrence of the troubles through which we have passed is to be prevented.

World Notes And Comments

That the United States is deeply interested in seeing that other things as well as the war are settled rightly is evident in so many ways that it would be difficult even to summarise them. To mention one thing, by way of an example, forest fires laid waste an area of 962,000 acres in the country during 1917, causing a loss of \$1,358,000. Of the 7,814 fires fought in the national forests, all but 2,122 were preventable, and of this number 952 were of incendiary origin. Through failure to comply with the law requiring the use of spark arresters, the railroads caused 1,003 fires. The other preventable fires were due to various forms of carelessness. One of the most important of the many things which the United States must settle rightly for itself is this very matter of carelessness, which is simply another name for civic incompetence.

Mr. Lloyd George said, the other day, that "Welsh troops have been worthy of the finest army that Britain ever sent on the battle field." The Welshman as a soldier is notoriously the best, at least according to Welshmen. When Wellington asked his great aide, General Picton, who hailed from Poynton in Pembrokeshire, what kind of man made the best soldier, he probably knew beforehand the answer the man who won most of the victories with which the Iron Duke was credited in the Peninsular War would make. But the general qualified his statement by saying: "A Welshman of five feet, eight inches." Mr. Lloyd George's recent claim recalls the "English" victories of Crecy and Poitiers, which were largely won by Welsh mercenaries, who lived chiefly on rations of cheese! Historians, in fact, have put on amusing record that when these Cymric soldiers arrived at Winchester, en route for France, they were accused of having devoured all the cheeses in the counties through which they had marched!

Morris Hillquit, of New York, who has recently become less extreme than formerly, complains that the Socialists of Germany have "disappointed the Socialists of the world." It would be rather more interesting to learn whether, in his opinion, the Socialists of Wisconsin, in voting to send to the United States Senate Victor Berger, who would have the American expeditionary forces returned forthwith from France, have disappointed the Socialists of America, himself included, or whether what they want is what Victor Berger would like to have.

Captain Roald Amundsen proposes to start this summer, on a long term of Arctic exploration. It might have been thought that the discovery of the South Pole and the making of the Northwest Passage were a sufficient record for any man, but it is not so with Amundsen. He is the man for patient investigation and systematic exploration, and not even success puts a stop to his endeavors. His ship, the Maud, specially built for him, will be fitted out for a seven years' stay in the Arctic, though he hopes to have completed his task within five years. He will enter the Polar Ocean via the Bering Strait and will then allow the currents to decide on the course of his vessel. Starting from Norway in the summer of 1918, Amundsen should be back in 1923. In the meantime much will happen, and the world to which the great Norwegian explorer will return will no doubt be one in full process of reconstruction.

The pertinacity with which some newspapers cling to convention in stating the simplest facts is remarkable. For example, nine out of every ten of them, on the western side of the Atlantic, apparently regard it as an extraordinary occurrence that a shell on the French front burst within forty yards of an automobile in which Secretary Baker was riding, without doing any damage. They give no consideration whatever to the make of the automobile, or to the disaster that befell the shell that came within forty yards of it.

It is extremely probable that very few people noticed a certain unobtrusive announcement which appeared in a recent issue of The Times of London. But for the war it would have been given a prominent place and have been the subject of much discussion. It ran thus:

"In the ancient church of St. Augustine, at Rimini, the discovery has been made of some important frescoes of the Fourteenth Century of the school of Giotto. One of these contains a new and very beautiful portrait of Dante."

From the tone of the announcement there seems to be no doubt about the Dante portrait. It is a genuine, a very great deal more is likely to be heard about it.

All Over The Far East

A terrible explosion occurred at a cartridge case factory in the compound of the Osaka Military Arsenal on April 24 at 3.18 a.m. The casualties are likely to have been quite heavy. 10,000 cases of cartridges, the factory buildings, covering 360 sabu, and implements, valued altogether at \$5,000, were lost. The cause is now under investigation.

Correspondence from Harbin says that the Vestonik Manjull and two other Russian journals are said to have addressed to the British, French and Japanese consular representatives a protest to the following effect:

"The Governments you represent, under the mask of friendship, have been assisting the Far Eastern Council and the Semenov-Cossacks. Unless you alter your attitude, we shall be compelled to expose all the inside facts in our newspaper columns."

It is even reported that this piece of news has been received favorably among the Russians, and that what the Consular reply will be is being watched with a curious interest.

According to one who met General Semenov during a journey to Siberia, the Siberian leader is a young man of twenty-eight years of age. His father is a Cossack and mother a Mongol. His real rank in the army is Captain, but on his staff are officers of the rank of Colonel and General, who look up to him as their commander. During conversation, General Semenov pointed out that Siberia is in no way a natural annex of Russia. It is bound to stand by itself. The people of Siberia have nothing in common with the Russians. He said that he was Oriental, not European. Siberia is akin to the Orient rather than to the West. With the help of a neighbor power in the East the Colonel said that Siberia must separate itself from European Russia and establish its own independence.

Reports from Manila indicate that Dr. Gilbert Reid, deported some months ago from China, is again in conflict with the U.S.A. authorities. It appears that, with two or three of his German friends, he was caught red-handed in the act of printing off large quantities of anti-Allied pamphlets in or near Manila. They were all arrested by the Secret Service police, and the report relates that Dr. Reid has been deprived of his rights as an American citizen by order of Mr. Lansing.

The sum of \$82,200, Gold was subscribed in Hankow to the American Liberty Loan which closed April 29.

News comes from the R. C. Mission at Cheng Ting-fu, Chihli, stating that a contagious disease, has broken out there, in consequence, it is said, of the recent inundations and their after effects, and there have already been three foreign victims, two priests and a nun, whilst others of the mission are in a dangerous state.

The building of the Borden Memorial Hospital at Lanchowfu, in Kansu, which has been going on for the past three years, is now completed. There is accommodation for many patients, Chinese and Mohammedan. On April 9, it was opened in state by the Provincial Governor. His Excellency Chang was accompanied by the high civil and military officials, some bestowing congratulatory tablets, banners and scrolls.

The Bolsheviks at Blagovestchensk are raising defensive works. The defenses of the naval base of operations on the bank of the Amur are particularly elaborate. Subterranean mines, guns, etc., have been installed. The Chinese troops at Heiho on the opposite side of the Amur have been reinforced.

The Shengchang of Sinkiang telegraphs to the Government that he has received telegrams from the Chinese residents in Russia stating that they are ill-treated by the Russians and their money and property are in danger of being confiscated by them. The Government is requested to deal with the Russian authorities regarding the matter.

A special wire from Harbin, of April 27, states:—According to a telegram from Dauria station, Semenov's force is continuing to advance. A telegram from Vladivostok states that the District Bureau has protested to the British Consul against a Belgian armed motor detachment being forwarded through Vladivostok without permission of the Soviet. They are however ready to give permission on the following terms: 1. Locks removed from the Belgian guns, to be returned at the time of embarkation. 2. The detachment to be accompanied through Vladivostok by Russian and British soldiers. 3. The British consul to promise that the Belgians shall not take part in Russian political movement. It is understood that the Belgians have no arms, save a few revolvers for personal defense. All their equipment and arms were left in Russia."

Advices from Saratov say that there is a movement started at Samara and Astrakhan to form a new republic conjointly, with its capital at Saratov.

Though Baron Goto professes that he will pursue the policy adopted by his predecessor, it is taken for granted (says the Japan Chronicle) that

he will adopt some new line of policy. As a result, it is expected that there will be some changes in Japan's diplomatic representatives abroad, the first expected change being that of Baron Hayashi, Japanese Minister to China. The Osaka Asahi says that it is well known to foreigners as well as Japanese that Baron Goto is a sympathizer with Teutonic principles in diplomacy just as he is bureaucratic in his political leanings.

According to a Canton despatch, the report of Lu Yung-ting's death was first published by the An Ya Pao in Canton on the 17th instant. The next day many of the local papers published the same report despite the fact that it was denied in the official circles. It was said that Lu died of prolonged sickness in his native place on the 15th, and his son Lung Yungkwang had come back from Hunan to mourn his death. The Canton government was puzzled by these rumors and telegraphed to Kwangsi for confirmation. It was soon learned that Lu had been indisposed for several days but had recovered and ready to return to Kueiyuan to attend to the military preparations. On receipt of the information the Canton government issued an official denial of the report and suspended the publication of the An Ya Pao on account of its misleading report.

The Salvation Army is intending to increase its activity in China. A statement issued from the International Headquarters in London says:—Since 1915 we have sent forty-four new officers from different countries, making a total of fifty officers now in China. Commissioner Jeffries, who has been appointed to take charge of our Chinese work, is just proceeding with a party of six officers, and we are expecting to open fifteen new corps shortly. Already we have expended \$12,000 on the work in China, and we require at least \$10,000 per annum for the upkeep of officers, schools, halls, rates and taxes, and all other expenditure in connection with our work. We require at least \$89,000 for our present and proposed extension work.

Perhaps the most interesting feature of the "Imperial and Foreign Trade Supplement" of The Times, is a further instalment of Professor Middleton Smith's review of the position of British trade with China.

In the present issue Professor Middleton Smith discusses the compradore system. There is a cry, he says, that the day of the compradore is over. Language schools are starting; firms are encouraging their young men to study Chinese. The position in China is very similar to what obtained in England a generation ago. Men who could not sign their own names made fortunes in manufacturing industry, and sent their sons to the university. It is the same with the compradore of South China today. The father had been business acumen and an instinct for making money, but no knowledge of the world beyond his own country and Hongkong. His son has travelled in America or Europe, and is probably a youth with a university degree. He has had an altogether different training from that of his father, and has the advantages of his parent's wealth. These young men have founded businesses of their own. They will import direct, and Professor Middleton Smith thinks they will profoundly influence the industrial development of China.

Siam For The Siamese

A correspondent of the Malay Mail who revisited Bangkok, in the course of an article, says: There is a tendency among some of the European residents in Siam to lay stress on the weaknesses of the administration, lack of qualified doctors for instance, and there is always the conscious or unconscious belief that Englishmen could run the Government very much better than the Siamese can. "Siam for the Siamese" naturally does not meet with unqualified approval in all quarters. Yet what better cry could there be from the Siamese point of view? Their country, their people, their ideas, even their time, are their own. On the whole they have done extraordinarily well. Over and over again they have gladly utilised the assistance of European experts and advisers, but they have not been so foolish as to relinquish all power into the hands of their advisers and executive officers as their ruling classes are educated men of considerable ability. That they intend to rule in their own country entitles them to respect.

\$80,000 Organ Dedicated

The city of Denver (Col.) has formally dedicated its new municipal organ, said to have cost \$80,000, the subscriptions for which were raised through the efforts of Mayor Robert B. Speer and the Rotary Club. The two dedicatory programs, each of which attracted audiences to the capacity of the Auditorium, 12,000, were furnished by the municipal organist, Clarence Reynolds, and by Margaret Woodrow Wilson, soprano, and Evan Williams, tenor. The organ was built by the Wurlitzer Company, using Hope-Jones patents. The console has four manuals and the stops are controlled by 229 stop keys and 65 pistons and aids. The wind pressures range from 6 to 30 inches. Included in the instrument are a great number of attachments, such as harp, chimes, xylophone, glockenspiel, vibrating bells, sleigh bells and drums. There is also a mechanical player attachment. Mr. Reynolds has organised a chorus which is to have 1,000 voices.

Tamerlane

(Christian Science Monitor)

Edmond About, in one of those amusing novels in which he "makes game" of the medical profession, writes of Napoleon picking out of the gutter the crown which the King of France had carelessly let drop and, without taking lessons from anybody, wearing it so well that Europe declared it quite became him. In the same way, the great medieval conqueror, Tamerlane, or Timur, was hardly to the manner born. Though he finished his spectacular career as the creator of a Welt-Macht and the possessor of twenty-seven royal crowns, he was brought up as a shepherd nomad in what is now Russian Turkestan. But he made of himself a king of kings, the all highest of his times. He never lost a battle or a campaign. Declared to be of divine origin, he threatened the independent existence of almost every civilisation under the sun. China was about to fall to him when, fortunately for Europe, his career suddenly ended. The Turk under the renowned Bajazet I had been subdued; Moscow reached; and a few more years might have seen the Mohammedan barbarian basking, say, in the sunshine of the Cornish Riviera after a gorgeous crowning in Notre Dame and Westminster Abbey!

Tamerlane began life with a prophecy of great things to come. His Mongolian name Timur means the earthquake which shakes. He, who would some day shake the earth, soon began to show his faith in himself as a creature of destiny. He started to conquer in the name of patriotism. That was a clean beginning. He found himself a fugitive. With only sixty horsemen he repulsed a thousand with incredible slaughter. The brute Oriental was awakened, but men called it "divine favor." He led the life of a vagrant in the desert conscious of Allah's guidance. When he returned to civilisation, chiefs kissed his stirrups, but he began to teach his equals that he was their master. He made himself lord of Turkestan. Power came to him, and with it the turning point in his life. Gibbon says that in the jurisprudence of conquerors there is usually a motive of safety or revenge, of honor or zeal. Tamerlane chose revenge, and his moral downfall began. He out-Kalmucked the Kalmuck and seated himself over the despoilers of his country. He walked in 2,000 of his prisoners in the form of a pyramid, and began those fiendish horrors which culminated in a holocaust of 100,000 captives in India merely because they were an incubance to him! Then began his mad career for temporal power. He began to mop up the earth for Tamerlane. In private life such a man would have been, like George Sand's Tristan Mauprat, an outlaw; as Tamerlane the Divine, drawing the sword for Allah, he was looked upon as a savior, a liberator and benefactor. There was thus every plausible excuse for his invasion of Georgia or India, his massacres of Christians, or even of Mohammedans, whom he slaughtered with the same cheerful readiness whenever they stood in the way of his ambitions. Unlike Ariovistus the Teuton, or certain of his modern successors, there was no need for him to explain that his invasions were undertaken in self-defense. He was God's messenger to an unbelieving infidel.

He became the menace and the nightmare of the civilised and uncivilised world, and when the Byzantine Emperor and the rulers of Asia Minor and of Thrace and a score of other potentates had done obsequious homage to him, when he had left the black trail of ruin and infamy everywhere, he returned to his capital of Samarkand to enjoy a well-earned leisure and to consolidate his empire. Outraged, robbed, and cowed to submission, with wars forced upon them to enrich a universal brigand in the name of Allah, his conquered neighbors were called upon to witness the edifying spectacle of a monster turned saint and pacificator. He established a splendid court, upon the "silver and gold and the peculiar treasures of kings and of the provinces." The "world" at his feet, he was the great and magnanimous benefactor. Pearls, diamonds, and rubies were showered like water at his feasts and fetes. Ambassadors sought his court from the four corners of the earth. He became the Lorenzo de' Medici of his time in his magnificent patronage of the arts. He built gorgeous monuments, whose inscriptions still proclaim that he and his were conquerors of the world and would "possess it forever."

But after fifty years spent in winning his empire, he was obsessed with one dread. He feared to be misunderstood by posterity. So he prepared memoirs that should whitewash him. Not that he exactly wrote them himself. He had plenty of secretaries to do the work for him. Sometimes he put in a word here and a word there. He certainly revised the proofs, so to speak, for the personal impress of the man still remains in the lines. There one sees the conscience-stricken conqueror, turned missionary, who has, in every age of human devastation, ruthlessly struggled for temporal power over prostrate nationalities as the avowed instrument of God.

Pershing Warns Against Spies

In an order of the day, recently addressed to his troops, Gen. Pershing made the following recommendations: "Never forget that we are at war and that the enemy are on the watch. Always be restricted in your intercourse with families, and never speak confidentially with a woman, because women are the most cunning of spies and you may bestow your confidence upon one in the employ of the enemy."

"Never trust anyone who asks questions of a military character or who seems to be much interested in questions of such a nature, even though such a person appears to be an American officer."

"Any man, woman or child, or even a man wearing the uniform of an American, or in the uniform of a

soldier of the allied armies, can be a spy."

"In fact, say nothing that you would not wish to reach the ears of the enemy. And for this same reason never enter into any correspondence with an unknown person, for this is one of the chief means used by the enemy to procure information."

"In the streets and in public places do not fail to remember that the very walls have ears. Therefore do not express your opinion upon any military question or even on the war in general."

"Don't give the impression of a pessimistic view of the situation either by word or action, and always have confidence in the success of our Army and of our cause."

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By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the
Leisure Hour

Mme. Clara Butt Talks On The English Language In Song

London, England—Of the 1,250 professional singers who, as the Musical Directory tells us, are resident in the city of London and its suburbs, how many have a following big enough to fill the Albert Hall? The answer, and any London concert agent will vouch for its correctness, is—one. In the most literal sense, therefore, the popularity of Mme. Clara Butt with English concert audiences may be spoken of as unique. And, for once, what is true musically of London, is true also of the provinces.

The musical artist may, and often

does, regard the adjective popular as a synonym for the cheap, the crude, or the mediocre; but if music is ever to render to humanity that greater service dreamed of by men of genius like Beethoven and Wagner, the day must come when great art and popular art will mean one and the same thing. "What is the matter with our art? Why is it that modern music is the exclusive property of the modern musician?" asked a well-known composer recently, and answering his own question, he said: "One could not help feeling that it had become too

subtle, too complex, too dependent upon the life of the study. It would be well for the music of the future to hark back to the music made by the simple people themselves."

Many have noticed that apart from the significant activity shown by the younger school of British composers, there has been amongst "the simple people themselves" a remarkable revival of popular interest in music, particularly during the last two or three years. This view is confirmed by Mme. Clara Butt the contralto, who has, obviously, wide opportunities for judgment. She said:

"Unquestionably, I find an increased appreciation and keener perception of the importance of music wherever I go. And this is strikingly evident in the big industrial towns in the north—towns, one must remember, not musical in the sense, for example, that Manchester, Liverpool or Leeds is musical. My own experience is that instead of getting shorter, queues grow longer; and people seem willing to pay not only for a ticket, but, in addition, the price of waiting long hours outside a concert hall. Again, I am often astonished at the attention with which these audiences listen. As the saying goes, one could hear a pin drop."

"The program of my present tour includes songs by Handel, Rachmaninoff, sung by the way, in Italian and Russian; an aria of Beethoven's; and songs by English composers—Mr. Edward German, Mr. Hamilton Harty and Mr. Harold Craxton, my accompanist. Although I have wondered sometimes if my audiences would not be happier listening to 'The Lost Chord,' they often rapturously enclose music that must be quite outside the range of their previous musical experience. And here I must make a confession. I feel now that in the past, perhaps, I have been a little over-anxious to give the public what the public wants—or shall I say what the public is supposed to want?"

Asked what, in her opinion, were the reasons for the increased interest in music, Mme. Butt replied: "The conditions under which we are all living. There exists, as never before, a need of the solace and refreshment that art brings. In every human being is a latent love of beauty and truth, and today many are awakening to their heritage for the first time. Another reason is purely economic. Large classes, particularly in the industrial areas, are now earning higher wages; and that, of course, means greater spending capacity."

"The familiar head-shawl of the factory hand, for instance, is being replaced by the hat; and concerts, like hats, are now within the reach of thousands who formerly could not afford either. Yet another reason, I think, could be found in the numberless concerts given to soldiers. They are helping enormously to raise the general standard of musical taste. The men have a hearty aversion to so-called patriotic songs and the wishy-washy sentimental ballad—anyone who knows uncensored versions of their own ditties will understand that—and prefer to listen to the songs that they themselves cannot

sing. My husband tells me that in France, as far as his experience goes, one of the most popular is a song by Vaughan Williams."

Speaking of her own personal preference in music, the singer said: "I adore Debussy and am tremendously interested in the work of moderns like Ravel, Stravinsky and Sch-n-a-r-g. I was present at Queen's Hall when the 'Six Orchestral Pieces' of the last-named were played. Personally, I think the bewilderment felt by many people in listening to the new music is largely self-created; and I cannot understand how, if the hearer is free of prejudice, such music is found voice production, particularly with the hypothesis that the singing and the composers are saying today, everybody will be saying tomorrow, or the day after. Should it not be easier to listen to new conceptions of musical art than to those worn threadbare by repetition?"

"Some of course, find pleasure in platitudes, musical and otherwise; but, for many of us, when platitudes come in at the door, interest flies out of the window. It sounds like dreadful heresy, but, frankly, Mozart annoys me. Mozart in his time was wonderful, but surely superficial. I cannot sing tragic words to pretty, tuneful music."

In response to a question, the contralto professed an entire disagreement with certain modern theories of minor importance, particularly the hypothesis that the singing and the speaking voice are fundamentally the same. She pointed out that a singer with a beautiful singing voice often has an ugly speaking voice, and that the owner of a fine speaking voice frequently has no singing voice at all.

"In my opinion," she went on, "voices are born, not made. It has always appeared to me that far too much attention is given to what may be called the merely physical side of singing. At the risk, of being misunderstood, I may say that, personally, I regard the voice as something not physical, but mental—the expression of the musical and artistic intelligence. I fail to see how the voice can be separated or even thought of apart from the musical sensibility of its possessor. In other words, a singer can only give utterance to what he or she perceives of musical truth and beauty."

Speaking of the education of Eng-

lish singers, she said: "English singers have, in the past, been strangely neglectful of their own language; perhaps because it is their own. They have taken an immense amount of pains in acquiring a good French or Italian diction; and forgotten that such a thing as English diction existed. Owing to the war, however, singers are having to study at home. This will help to produce not only good English singers, but what is equally important, English teachers who know how to teach. And already it may be said that the demand is creating the supply."

"The artist was emphatic on the subject of musical education in English public and preparatory schools. 'I feel strongly,' said she, 'that sport plays a part altogether beyond its value; and—I hasten to explain that I am in no way biased against games, indeed I am fond of all games myself—the boy who has a natural inclination toward music. I speak with experience, gets little or no encouragement. The public school attitude was perhaps accurately expressed by a boy of my acquaintance, who remarked of an exceptionally clever friend: 'Oh, So-and-so will never get on in life, he is no good at games.' Of the importance and the great mission of art, future citizens are taught practically nothing. If not actually looking at it askance, the current ideal of good form views art as a diversion of quite minor importance. At one school I know, one of the most expensive in England, the same master teaches piano, violin, organ, cello, harmony and theory, in fact any instrument or branch of music that a boy wishes to learn, and, I believe, dancing! A musical Admirable Crichton could not make such teaching adequate, much less efficient."

"This may be exceptional, but I fear that the attitude which it represents is not. The English are undoubtedly a music-loving folk; and it says much that, in spite of the indifference of the public schools and their far-reaching influence, the art of music is progressing in England by leaps and bounds."

Mme. Butt made her first and only appearance in opera as a student at 17 years of age, when she played the title role of Gluck's "Orpheus." A question as to the chances of her re- appearance on the stage elicited the enigmatical reply: "Unlikely things may happen!"

Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday. The K.M.A. s.s. Yei Mrau left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Tientsin via Lungkow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi left Wen-

chow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangroo left Han-

kow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow

for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru

left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers for the C.N. s.s. Tungchow will leave the Custom's Jetty at 9 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers on board the O.S.A. s.s. Manila Maru will leave the Custom's Jetty at 11 a.m.

Departures

| Date | For | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents |
|-------|--------------------------|-------------------|------|------|------------|
| May 3 | Tientsin | Dain via Tientsin | 628 | Jap. | O.S.K. |
| .. | Vladivostok via Nagasaki | Kohoku maru | 2678 | Rus. | R.V.F. |
| .. | Hankow etc | Penza | 2770 | Fr. | J.M. & Co. |
| .. | do | Tokyo | 3397 | Jap. | N.K.K. |
| .. | do | Saiyang maru | 1892 | Fr. | B. & S. |
| .. | do | Tatung | 2326 | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. | do | Yamashiro maru | 294 | Jap. | S.M.R. |
| .. | do | Kobe maru | 2868 | Fr. | B. & S. |
| .. | do | Hsin Peking | 2151 | Chl. | N.S.N. Co. |
| .. | do | Hsin Ningshao | | | |

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Maximum and Minimum thermometers
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Sailed from Shanghai

| | |
|----------------------|---------|
| For London, etc. | |
| Kitano Maru | Apr. 17 |
| For Liverpool | |
| Iyo Maru | Apr. 6 |
| For San Francisco | |
| Tenyo Maru | Apr. 12 |
| China | Apr. 13 |
| Venezuela | Apr. 27 |
| Shinyo Maru | Apr. 30 |
| For Seattle | |
| Africa Maru | Mar. 21 |
| Kashima Maru | Mar. 31 |
| Katori Maru | Apr. 28 |
| For Vancouver | |
| Empress of Asia | Apr. 13 |
| For Marseilles, etc. | |
| Atlantique | Mar. 26 |
| For Port Said | |
| Nichiyo Maru | Apr. 27 |

Shipping Items

The I.C. s.s. Kingsing left Tientsin, via Weihaiwei and Chefoo, for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Tientsin, via Weihaiwei and Chefoo, for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin, via Chefoo, for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The I.C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, May 3, 1918.

Money and Bullion

Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate
@ 107 1/2 = Tls. 93.24
@ 7.35 = Mex. \$126.86

Mex. Dollars: Market rate: 7.32
Shai Gold Bars 978 touch Tls. 292
Bar Silver: Market rate: Tls. 222
Copper Cash: per tael 1269

Bar Silver
Buying rate @ 4/510 = Tls. 4.47
exch. @ 1.35 = Mex. \$7.07

Peking Bar
Native Interest: .08

Latest London Quotations
Bar Silver: 49.24
Bank Rate of Discount: 6%
Market rate of discount:—
4 m.s.: %
6 m.s.: %
8 m.s.: %

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d.s.
Ex. Paris on London: Fr. 27.25
Ex. N. Y. on London: T.T. \$47.63
Consols: 1/2

Exchange Opening Quotations

London: T.T. 4/51
India: Demand 4/6
Paris: T.T. 298 1/2
Paris: Demand 611
New York: T.T. 106 1/2
New York: Demand 106 1/2
Hongkong: T.T. 70 1/2
Japan: T.T. 48 1/2
Batavia: T.T. 22 1/2

Banks Buying Rates

London: 4 m.s. Cts. 4/7 1/2
London: 4 m.s. Cts. 4/8 1/2
London: 6 m.s. Cts. 4/8 1/2
Paris: 4 m.s. Cts. 4/8 1/2
New York: 4 m.s. Cts. 11 1/2

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR MAY

Hk. Tls. 4.05 @ 4/51 = £1
" 1 @ 604 = France 6.75
" 0.85 @ 105 1/2 = Gold \$1
" 1 @ 493 = Yen 2.26
" 1 @ 15 = Rupees 2.70
" 1 @ — = Roubles —
" 1 @ 1.50 = Mex. \$1.50

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, May 3, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Shai Hotels 6% debts @ Tls. 29.00
Moutries \$35.00

Unofficial
Shai Hotels 6% debts @ Tls. 30.00
Sumatras Tls. 71.00
Laou Kung Mow Cotton Tls. 110.00
Telephones Tls. 80.00
New Engineering Tls. 18.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 108.00
Chengs Tls. 1.77 1/2
Dominions Tls. 8.00

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, May 3, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Official
Telephones @ Tls. 79.00 cash

COTTON MARKET

Reuter's Service
London, April 29.—Today's cotton prices were:
Goodmiddling Americans: 22.08d.
May: 21.02d.
July: 20.27d.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service
London, April 30.—Today's silver prices were:
Bar Silver Spot: 49 1/2. Steady.
Previous quotation, London, April 29: Bar Silver Spot: 49 1/2. Quiet.

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The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

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Rubber Prices

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. are in receipt of the following telegraphic report from their Singapore Agents in connection with the last weekly rubber auctions held on May 1.

No. 1 Smoked Sheet \$102 per picul equivalent to 2s. 1 1/4d. in London.

No. 1 Crepe \$105 per picul equivalent to 2s. 2 1/4d. in London.

Market very weak buyers cautious, offered 957 tons, sold 461 tons.

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have received the following telegram from Messrs. Kimmel and Co., London, dated May 1.

Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 2/3 1/4.

Spot price standard quality First Crepe 2/4 1/2.

Market dull, tendency undecided, ex-warehouse (Singapore) 1/9.

Rubber Outputs

Messrs. Ibert and Co., Limited, the local secretaries of the Gula-Kalumpung Rubber Estates, Limited, inform us that they are in receipt of the following telegram from their Penang Agents:

Output of Dry Rubber for April 68,800 Shipped 54,481

Cocanuts 317,000
Rainfall 6 inches

Rubber Outputs

| | March | April |
|-------------------|---------|--------|
| Alma | 22,800 | 29,500 |
| Amherst | 3,853 | — |
| Anglo-Dutch | 82,500 | 77,000 |
| Anglo-Java | 187,000 | — |
| Ayer Tawah | 22,000 | — |
| Batu Anam | 28,527 | — |
| Bukit Toh Alang | 10,338 | 10,500 |
| Bute | 10,613 | 12,624 |
| Chemor | 6,300 | — |
| Chempedak | 15,126 | 14,752 |
| Cheng | 14,030 | 15,076 |
| Consolidated | 49,314 | — |
| Dominion | 36,109 | — |
| Gula Kalumpung | 62,400 | 68,800 |
| Shipped to London | 48,160 | 54,481 |
| Java Consolidated | 78,000 | — |
| Kamunting | 15,588 | 19,845 |
| Kapala | 7,752 | 8,350 |
| Kapayang | 6,070 | 7,687 |
| Karam | 32,801 | — |
| Kroewok | 47,000 | — |
| Langkat | 70,181 | 58,751 |
| Padang | 20,000 | 19,000 |
| Permatia | 4,510 | — |
| Pengkalan | 9,473 | — |
| Repah | 9,500 | 10,000 |
| Samagay | 10,000 | 12,600 |
| Samambu | 12,713 | — |
| See Kee | — | — |
| Senawang | 25,126 | 30,553 |
| Shanghai-Malay | 9,952 | 10,040 |
| Shanghai-Klebang | 9,952 | 10,040 |
| Shanghai-Kelantan | 14,500 | — |
| Shanghai-Seremban | 7,570 | 8,045 |
| Shanghai-Pahang | 15,797 | 16,481 |
| Shanghai-Sumatra | 69,510 | — |
| Sua Manggis | — | — |
| Sungai | 6,535 | — |
| Sungei Duri | 16,928 | 20,635 |
| Talping | 10,759 | — |

| | | |
|-------------|--------|--------|
| Tanah Merah | 30,000 | 26,200 |
| Tebong | 56,000 | — |
| Uluohi | 4,000 | — |
| Ziangbe | 78,000 | — |

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Reuter's Service
London, May 1.—Today's rubber prices were:
Plantation First Latex Crepe.
Spot: 2s. 4 1/2d. Paid.
July to December: 2s. 6 1/2d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Quiet.
Previous quotation, London, April 30.
Spot: 2s. 8 1/2d. Buyers.
July to December: 2s. 6 1/2d. Buyers.
Tendency of Market: Steady.
London, April 29.
Plantation First Latex Crepe.
Spot: 2s. 4 1/2d. Paid.
July to December: 2s. 6 1/2d. Buyers.
Tendency of Market: Inactive.

INDIAN COUNCIL BILLS

Reuter's Service
London, May 1.—Tenders for Indian Council Bills and Deferred Transfers were:
Tenders for Transfers:
Highest price, 1s. 5d.
Tenders at 1s. 5d.
Receive 27%.
Deferred Transfers:
Highest price, 1s. 4 29/32d.
Tenders at 1s. 4 29/32d.
Receive 27%.
Total amount sold during the week, Amount to be allotted next week, Allotment next Tuesday.

Golf

The Mixed Foursomes of the Shanghai Golf Club will be played today and tomorrow.

RACING IN ENGLAND

Reuter's Service
London, May 1.—The Two Thousand and Guineas was run this afternoon with the following result:
Gainsborough: 1

Somme Kiss 2
Blink 3
Thirteen ran. Won by one and a half lengths: six lengths between second and third.
Betting: four to one against Gainsborough: eight to one against Somme Kiss: one hundred to six against Blink.
Place betting: five to four on Gainsborough. The others in proportion.

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PRESENTS

on

May 4th, 5th and 6th

and

Matinee on Sunday

The Popular Stage Favorite:

DONALD BRIAN

in an

Amusing Photo-Play Comedy

"THE SMUGGLERS"

and

OTHER NEW FILMS

Splendid New Program

at the

VICTORIA THEATRE

[For May 4th, 5th and 6th.

SHOWING

The Parson of Panamint

FEATURING

DUSTIN FARNUM

OTHER PICTURES SHOWING
KID CASEY THE CHAMPION
Comedy

JERRY'S CELEBRATION
Comedy

NEW GAUMONT GRAPHIC

MATINEES

EVERY

Saturday and Sunday

ISIS THEATRE

The Largest Theatre in Shanghai

Tonight Showing

"BLACK BRITTA"

Powerful and Thrilling Story

in 2 parts, featuring

ELSA FROLICH

"THE MOTOR BUCCANEERS"

Sensational Drama in 2 parts

"CAUGHT IN THE ACT"

Screaming Keystone Comedy

"TUNIS THE CITY OF WHITE"

Beautiful Views

On Monday, 6th May

"THE GRAY GHOST"

Olympic Theatre

The Two Last Farewell Historial Concerts.



Tuesday,
May
7th
and
Saturday,
May
11th

Manager
A. Strok

By MIROVITCH-PIASTRO
BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S.

JUST ARRIVED
Sapporo Black Beer

THE PUREST AND BEST

Apply to

The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd., Tel. 2560

GANDE PRICE & CO., Tel. 205

"The Eldorado"

3 Jukong Road.

Tonight and Every-Night!

To Complete "A Perfect Day," visit "The Eldorado."

Come and be Entertained!

John & Jimmie

Acrobats and
Comedians.

Miss Sophie

Ragtime Songs and
Dances

All Star-Turns!

Prof. Martinez'

Orchestra



Commencing 10 p.m.

Mlle. LA RICOLETE, Famous Danseuse
(Watch for further announcements)

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
33 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:
Amritsar, Illoilo, Puket, Bangkok, Ipoh, Rangoon, Batavia, Karachi, Saigon, Bombay, Klang, Seremban, Calcutta, Kobe, Singapore, Canton, Kuala-Lumpur, Shanghai, Cebu, Madras, Sourabaya, Colombo, Malacca, Taiping, Delhi, Manila, (F. M. S.), Foochow, Medan, Tavey (Lower Burma), Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong, Penang, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:
Bangkok, Hanoi, Saigon, Battambang, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Dondichery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Hankou, Pnom-Penh.

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate, Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt) and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Tael and fixed deposits according to arrangements.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000
Silver 19,500,000
Total \$34,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Chairman
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager:
Hongkong—N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:
Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bangkok, Johore, Perang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Singapore, Foochow, Manila, Sourabaya, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tientsin, Iloilo, Yokohama.

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid) 55,000,000
Reserve Fund 26,900,000
Kpg. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.

Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:
Bombay, Harbin, Peking, Chanchun, Hongkong, Shanghai, Chefoo, Newchwang, Tientsin, Dalren, Nicolayowsk, Vladivostok, Hallan, O/Amur, Yokohama, Hankow.

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tael, Dollars and Roubles, Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
managers for China.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital H\$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital H\$1,352,950.00
Reserve Fund H\$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund H\$ 40,000

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital ... \$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital 12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund \$1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund \$1,998,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Tientsin, Kaifeng, Hankow, Changchun, Wuhu, Ichang, Antung, Anking, Changsha, Dainy, Hangchow, Nanchang, Moukden, Ningpo, Kuankang, Newchwang, Nanking, Foochow, Harbin, Chinkiang, Amoy, Kirin, Hsuehchow, Canton, Tsinan, Soochow, Hongkong, Chefoo, Wushieh, Swatow, Tientsin, Yangchow, Chungking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum, on Dollar Current Accounts at 1 per cent per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN CHANG,
Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1912.

President Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Saigon and Hongkong.

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

In London: London County and Westminster Bank Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local currency and Fixed Deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Savings accounts in Gold and Local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund Yen 23,100,000

London Bankers:
The London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:
Bombay, Los Angeles, Seattle, Calcutta, Lyons, Shanghai, Changchun, Manila, Shimonasaki, Dainy, Mukden, Singapore, Hankow, Nagasaki, Sourabaya, Harbin, Newchwang, Sydney, Hongkong, New York, Tientsin, Honolulu, Osaka, Tokyo, Kaiyuan, Peking, Tsinanfu, Kobe, Rangoon, Tientsin, London, S. Francisco.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tael and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital \$300,000.00
Reserve \$15,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1917) \$2,067,768.24

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.
Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both tael and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.
Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tael and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. \$6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits U.S. \$1,348,000.00
U.S. \$7,848,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:
Batavia, Kobe, San Francisco, Bombay, London, Santo Domingo, Calcutta, Manila, Santiago de los Caballeros, Canton, Medellin, Caballeros, Cebu, Panama, Shanghai, Colon, Peking, Singapore, (Cristobal C.Z.) Tientsin, Hongkong, San Pedro de Macoris, Yokohama.

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—
Bahia, Buenos Aires, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, Santiago de Cuba, Santos, San Paulo, Habana, Moscow, Russia, Valparaiso, Montevideo.

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.

1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NEDERLAND TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Gulden 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—
Gulden 11,595,461 (about £966,288)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:
Bandjermasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeng, Palembang, Tebing-Tinggi, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tegal, Djember, Penang, Telok-Betong, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Tjilatjap, Hongkong, Rangoon, Weltevreden, Kota-Radia, Semarang, Langsa, Singapore, Makassar, Soerabaya, Medan.

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tael and dollars.
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,
manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1. or over \$100. will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tael, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.
Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3½ per annum.
For 6 months at 4½ per annum.
For 12 months at 5½ per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 650,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
Branches & Agencies:

Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Hongkong, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bahr (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2½ per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.

26 The Bund. 9752

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Paid-Up Capital: Keping Tael 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE PEKING.
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.

Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Sumitomo Bank, Limited

SHANGHAI BRANCH
N. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital Yen 30,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Yen 2,900,000
Deposits Yen 150,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Nihama, Hiroshima, Yana, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Banker:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED
New York Banker:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASHARA,
Manager.

Telephones:—
2218 Manager. 4663 Comptroller. 2250 Gen. Office. 4621 Nights only. 3530 General Office.

行銀中

Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916

Head office: Tientsin

Capital \$2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital \$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:
Tientsin, Chinkiang, Shanghai, Soochow, Peking, Wushieh, Hankow, Hangchow, Nanking, Ningpo, Yangchow, Shaohsing, Hsuehchow, Canton, Pengpu, Hongkong, Tsinglianku.

Shanghai Branch
411, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manager.

P. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.

ISHII SAYS HIS AIM IS TO IMPROVE RELATIONS

Tells Wilson He Will Deal Fairly And Frankly With All Issues Arising

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 30.—Viscount Ishii, the new Japanese Ambassador, presenting his credentials to President Wilson today, said that he would spare no effort to strengthen and intensify the spirit of mutual appreciation happily existing between Japan and the United States and he would endeavor to deal with such questions as might arise in a spirit of frank and friendly co-operation.

President Wilson, in reply, declared that Viscount Ishii's appointment was added evidence of Japan's policy of peace and goodwill. He expressed the confident hope that the cordial friendship between the two countries "will be greatly strengthened by our common efforts in the righteous cause in which we are engaged."

Canada's War Bill Totals £240,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Ottawa, May 1.—In the House of Commons today Mr. A. K. Maclean, acting Minister of Finance, stated that the war expenditure for the year amounted to £69 million, the total since the outbreak of the war being £175 million and Canada's net debt £240 million. He estimated the deficit for the current year at £56 million, to be provided by loans raised in Canada.

Mr. Maclean said that since January 1, 1915, an aggregation of domestic war loans had been made, exceeding £149,000,000, of which Canada had subscribed £140,000,000. Canada had advanced to Great Britain for purchases in Canada £40,000,000, which was double what Great Britain had paid for Canada for the upkeep of the Canadian troops overseas.

The commitments of the ensuing year totalled £196,000,000, of which war expenditure was £85,000,000 and advances to the Imperial Government £65,000,000.

The estimated receipts from all sources totalled £140,000,000.

The prohibition of the importation of spirits and beer during the war had resulted in an annual loss of £3,000,000.

In an eloquent peroration, the Acting Minister of Finance reiterated Canada's determination to continue her war effort and to see that the distinguished and noble part she has played shall not diminish for lack of resources.

The drawing for the bronze figure, valued at £1,000, which was raffled for the benefit of the Shanghai Branch, American Red Cross, was held at the American Club last night. The winning number is 218.

Word received locally from St. Paul, Minn., is that Mr. William P. Kenney has been elected to the Presidency of the Great Northern Railway Co. Mr. L. W. Hill resigned the presidency but remains Chairman of the Board, the place his late father, Mr. J. J. Hill, founder of the Great Northern System, held.

The Government Institute of Technology, Szechuen, will hold its spring track and field meet on the campus this afternoon at 1 o'clock.

NO. 4.

A Chinese painter was instantaneously killed yesterday when crushed beneath the weights of the lift at a godown, 1B Jinkee Road. The painter was whitewashing the shaft and when the elevator went to the top floor, the weights, lowered as the lift rose, pinned the worker beneath.

Three Chinese, one armed with a revolver, held up and robbed a Chinese in an alley off Hankow Road early last night and stole \$20 in money and jewelry.

Sergeants D. Ginnane, A. O'Dwyer and Sullivan of the Municipal Police left yesterday for Japan, where they will spend a three weeks' vacation.

Commander T. S. Chu of the Chinese flag ship Chuchai, in a letter to the Central China Post objecting to the criticism of his crew's action following the collision of the China Merchants' Navigation Steamer Kiangkwan and the Chinese gunboat Chuchai, stated that he and his officers were ignorant of the crash. He expressed his sympathy to relatives of passengers lost. The Chuchai which rammed the Kiangkwan was badly damaged.

The third issue of The Stage, a weekly devoted to local theatricals and the cinemas, is now being distributed. Its principal illustrations this week have to do with Tank Week and the Fete Trianon. There are a number of departments all quite capably conducted.

A lecture on Russian conditions will be given at the Hotel Kalee Monday evening by Count de Toulouse Lautrec de Savine.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

| Date | Time | Destination | Ship's Name | Flag | Agents |
|--------|------|-----------------|------------------|------|--------|
| May 4 | .. | Takao & Seattle | Manila maru | Jap. | O.S.K. |
| .. 10 | .. | Seattle etc. | Swan maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 21 | .. | Vancouver | M. Teale | Br. | C.P.R. |
| .. 25 | .. | Vancouver | Empress of Japan | Br. | C.P.R. |
| .. 27 | .. | San Francisco | Empress of Japan | Br. | C.P.R. |
| June 1 | .. | San Francisco | Empress of Japan | Br. | C.P.R. |
| .. 10 | .. | Seattle, etc. | Swan maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 23 | .. | San Francisco | Empress of Japan | Br. | C.P.R. |
| .. 24 | .. | San Francisco | Empress of Japan | Br. | C.P.R. |

FOR JAPAN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|-------|----|-----------------------------|----------------|------|--------|
| May 4 | .. | Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama | Manila maru | Jap. | O.S.K. |
| .. 10 | .. | Moji, Kobe & Osaka | Chikuma maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 19 | .. | Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama | Swan maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 21 | .. | Moji, Kobe & Osaka | Yawata maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 24 | .. | Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama | Chikuma maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 25 | .. | Kobe | Hirao maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 26 | .. | Moji, Kobe and Osaka | Chikuma maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 31 | .. | Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama | Yamashiro maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------|------|--------|
| Liverpool etc. | Shidomaru maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| London etc. | Kaga maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|--------|-------|---------------------------|--------------|------|--------------|
| May 4 | 4.00 | Ningpo | Kiangtean | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| .. 4 | .. | Hongkong & Manila | Kouador | Am. | P. & S. |
| .. 5 | D.L. | Swatow & Hongkong | Sungkiang | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 6 | 4.30 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 6 | 4.00 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | Chl. | N.S.N. Co. |
| .. 7 | D.L. | Hongkong and Canton | Taiyang | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 7 | D.L. | Swatow, Peking and Canton | Taiyang | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 8 | .. | Takao via Peking & Canton | Sunmaru | Jap. | O.S.K. |
| .. 9 | 11.00 | Amoy, Hongkong & Canton | Tamsu | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 12 | noon | Amoy & Swatow | Hobow | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 21 | .. | Hongkong & Manila | Fushimi maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 22 | .. | Hongkong | Mexico maru | Jap. | O.S.K. |
| June 1 | .. | Hongkong & Manila | Colo-bis | Am. | P. & S. |
| .. 11 | .. | Hongkong | Latina maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 12 | .. | Hongkong | China | Am. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| .. 16 | .. | HONGKONG | Canada maru | Jap. | O.S.K. |

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|-------|--------|-----------------------------|-------------|------|-------------|
| May 4 | 10.00* | Weihsaiwei, Chefoo & T'sin | Tungchow | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 4 | A.M. | Chefoo & Newchwang | Felching | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co |
| .. 5 | A.M. | Chefoo & T'sin | Tai-shun | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co |
| .. 7 | 3.00 | Weihsaiwei, Chefoo & T'sin | Hsin Peking | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 7 | .. | O. Inwangiao | Yel maru | Jap. | K.M.A. |
| .. 9 | .. | Tsingtao, Tientsin & Dairen | Aelung maru | Jap. | O.S.K. |
| .. 9 | 10.00* | Weihsaiwei, Chefoo & T'sin | Shunshien | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 11 | 10.00* | Weihsaiwei, Chefoo & T'sin | Fengtien | Br. | B. & S. |

FOR RIVER PORTS

| | | | | | |
|-------|----|------------------|---------------|------|--------------|
| May 4 | .. | M.N. Hankow etc. | Wenhua | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 4 | .. | M.N. do | Fengyang maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 5 | .. | M.N. do | Kiangyung | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| .. 6 | .. | M.N. do | Tungshing | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 7 | .. | M.N. do | Chungking | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 7 | .. | M.N. do | Loongwe | Br. | J.M. & Co. |
| .. 7 | .. | M.N. do | Yohyang maru | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| .. 8 | .. | M.N. do | Kurama maru | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 8 | .. | M.N. do | Poyang | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 10 | .. | M.N. do | Shenchi | Br. | B. & S. |
| .. 11 | .. | M.N. do | Nankin | Br. | B. & S. |

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

| Date | From | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents | Berth |
|-------|----------|---------------|------|------|--------------|-------|
| May 3 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | 3868 | Br. | B. & S. | CNCW |
| .. 3 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | 3151 | Chl. | N.S.N. Co. | NSCW |
| .. 3 | Ningpo | Tai-shun | 1216 | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| .. 3 | Yokohama | Manila maru | 1885 | Jap. | O.S.K. | |
| .. 3 | Hankow | Wuchang | 1276 | Jap. | M. B. Co. | MBKW |
| .. 3 | Hankow | Fengyang maru | 2671 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | CNCW |
| .. 3 | Hankow | Kiangyung | 1450 | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| .. 3 | Chefoo | Shengching | 1315 | Br. | B. & S. | CNCW |

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

| Arrived | From | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents | Berth |
|---------|-------------|---------------|------|------|--------------|-------|
| Apr 18 | Chinwangtao | Asaka maru | | Jap. | | |
| Apr 18 | Japan | Asamannan | | | | |
| Apr 18 | Japan | Osato | | | | |
| Apr 11 | Japan | Daiya maru | 1885 | Jap. | M. B. Co. | MBKW |
| Apr 24 | Japan | Pullian maru | 1276 | Jap. | M. B. Co. | MBKW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Hsin Peking | 3151 | Chl. | N.S.N. Co. | NSCW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Tai-shun | 1216 | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Manila maru | 1885 | Jap. | O.S.K. | |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Wuchang | 1276 | Jap. | M. B. Co. | MBKW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Fengyang maru | 2671 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | CNCW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Kiangyung | 1450 | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Shengching | 1315 | Br. | B. & S. | CNCW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Kurama maru | 1115 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | WSW |
| Apr 24 | Hankow | Katori maru | 6262 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | WSW |
| May 1 | Hankow | Meifoo | 417 | Am. | S. O. Co. | SOCW |
| May 1 | Hankow | Meifoo | 406 | Am. | S. O. Co. | SOCW |
| Apr 25 | Hankow | Nagata maru | 284 | Jap. | A. P. & Co. | |
| Apr 25 | Japan | Oura maru | 3223 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | WTW |
| Apr 25 | Japan | Oni maru | 3223 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | WTW |
| Apr 25 | Japan | Shinon maru | 3223 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | WTW |
| Apr 25 | Japan | Shinon maru | 3223 | Jap. | N.Y.K. | WTW |
| May 2 | Hankow | Sungkiang | 987 | Br. | B. & S. | CNCW |
| May 2 | Chefoo | Tungchow | 1263 | Br. | B. & S. | CNCW |
| May 2 | Chefoo | Tungwah | 746 | Chl. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Steamer Fengyang Maru, Captain A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail wharf on Saturday, May 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Wuchang, Captain Pickard, will leave on Saturday, May 4, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyung, Captain W. McIlwain, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Tungtung, Captain Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, May 6, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co's Str. Loongwe, tons 3,325 Capt. Findeisen, will leave on Tuesday, May 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. Yohyang Maru, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Pootung wharf on Tuesday, May 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Chungking, Capt. Meathrel, will leave on Tuesday, May 7, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Poyang, Captain Carmichael, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, May 8, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Luency, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, May 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401. | HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Nankin, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, May 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401. |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|

May 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Sungkiang, Captain Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, May 5, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Monday, May 6, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Sunning, Capt. W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, May 7, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co's Str. Tamsui, Captain J. S. DeWolf, will leave on Thursday, May 9, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOO-CHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Suma Maru, Captain N. Iwamatsu, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzeport wharf on Thursday, May 9, at .. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at .. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

AMOI & SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Hobow, Captain R. J. Cain, will leave on Sunday, May 12, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Mexico Maru Capt. K. Komiya, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzeport wharf on May 28, at .. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at .. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Canada Maru Capt. Y. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzeport wharf on June 16, at .. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at .. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO AND NEWCHWANG.—The Str. Felching, Captain A. B. Banties, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAUWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Tungchow, Captain Bennett, will leave from the Standard Oil Co's Lower Pootung Wharf on Saturday, May 4, at 10 a.m. Tender will leave Custom's Jetty at 3 a.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO AND TIEN-TSIN.—The Str. Tai-shun, Captain Westerland, will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAUWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Shengking, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, May 7, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAUWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Fengtien, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, May 11, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Manila Maru, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on Saturday, May 4. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at .. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Telephone No. 4234 and 4235.

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For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung, Sunning and Suiyang.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.

Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIEN-TSIN and PEKING via WEIHAUWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shundien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund. During the winter months sailings are irregular owing to weather conditions.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailings will be suspended by this vessel from the 4th inst. owing to overhaul. S.S. Hsin Peking will resume her run on Wednesday, 20th inst. at 4 p.m. as usual. For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, 15 The Bund.

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"MANILA MARU" (18,000 tons) Capt. N. Kobayashi, May 5, May 4

"AFRICA MARU" (18,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto, June 9, June 10

For Hongkong

"MEXICO MARU" (12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiya, May 27, May 28

"CANADA MARU" (12,000 tons) Capt. Y. Yamamoto, June 15, June 16

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tsingtao, Tientsin and Dairen arr. leave.

"KEELUNG MARU" (1,569 tons) Capt. S. Imai, May 7, May 9

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao

"SUMA MARU" (1,537 tons) Capt. N. Iwamatsu, May 6, May 8

"KOHOKU MARU" (2,610 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, May 15, May 17

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Tel. Address: SHOEN, SHANGHAI.

OSAKA SHOEN KAISHA

Union Building, 4 The Bund.

Tels. 4234, 4235.

Men-of-War In Port

| Section | Date | From | Name | Flag | Tons | Guns | Man | Commander |
|---------|---------|------|----------------|---------|-------|------|-----|-----------|
| BVII | .. | .. | Orphee | Chiyoda | Jap | .. | .. | .. |
| MMB | Apr. 22 | .. | D. de Lagrange | Fr | 1,500 | .. | .. | .. |
| CNWP | Oct. 26 | .. | Nirbhara | Br | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| PROBI | .. | .. | Villalobos | Am | .. | .. | .. | .. |

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(For Liverpool.)

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|--------------|--------|
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| | | | |
|-------------|--------|-------------------|---------|
| SUWA MARU | 21,000 | Capt. T. Sekine | May 19 |
| FUSEMI MARU | 21,000 | Capt. T. Iriawara | June 16 |

| | | | |
|-------------------|-------|--------------------|--------|
| KASUGA MARU | 7,000 | Capt. K. Itsuno, | May 10 |
| CHIKUGO MARU | 5,000 | Capt. K. Solda, | May 14 |
| YAMASHIRO MARU .. | 7,000 | Capt. Y. Nakajima, | May 21 |

| SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| OMI MARU | 7,000 | Capt. M. Machida, | May 4 |
| CHIKUZEN MARU ... | 5,000 | Capt. N. Nojiri, | May 8 |

| | | | | |
|-------------|-------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| YAWATA MARU | ..... | 7,000 | Capt. K. Yagi, | May 11 |
| KUMANO MARU | ..... | 9,500 | Capt. S. Salto, | May 15 |
| FOR JAPAN | | | | |
| KIRANO MARU | ..... | 15,500 | Capt. H. Fraser | May 14 |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------|------------------|--------|
| KOBE TO SHANGHAI | 16,500 | Capt. H. Fraser, | May 14 |
| ATSUTA MARU | 16,000 | Capt. K. Inadzu, | May 15 |

| | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------|---------|
| FOR HONGKONG | | | |
| KATORI MARU | 19,000 | _____ | June 25 |
| KASHIMA MARU | 19,000 | _____ | June 2 |
| FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------|--------|-------|---------|
| FUSHIMI MARU | 21,000 | _____ | May 20 |
| SUWA MARU | 21,000 | _____ | July 22 |
| AUSTRALIAN LINE | | | |

| | | | |
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| SAI MARU | 12,500 | | May 23 |

| |
|---|
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| |
|---|
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HAWKERS QUIET DOWN AND MARKETS OPEN

Only One Flurry, Early in Morning, Is Smoothed Over Quickly

Extra police will guard all markets of the Settlement again this morning, although no further trouble is anticipated from hawkers. Business was normal yesterday, although a little flurry at the Settlement boundary on the Bund early in the morning provided a little excitement. Inspector T. I. Vaughan handled the situation without extra police, but the American and Japanese companies, S.V.C., were called for precaution. Eighty hawkers, armed with clubs, attempted to confiscate the supply of fish from dealers who had been brought in through the French section of the Bund by French police. There was little trouble at the Chinese Bund. All the markets were guarded yesterday morning, but there was no trouble. Twelve hawkers and coolies were convicted yesterday in the Mixed Court in connection with the riots. Sentences of terms of imprisonment varying from one week to ten months were imposed.

Obituary

Mrs. Emma Louise Cook
The funeral services for Mrs. Emma Louise Cook took place yesterday at the Bubbling Well Cemetery, the services being conducted by the Rev. Charles E. Darnley before a large number of friends. The chief mourner was Mr. F. A. Cook, Mrs. Cook's husband. The pallbearers were Messrs. A. G. Hill, F. Desbrien, H. Natfaly, C. D. Komaroff, A. Eek and L. d'Encarnacao.

Among those who sent floral tributes were: Mrs. Isabel Fowler, Miss R. Woodcock, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Desbrien, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Tenney, Mr. and Mrs. A. Eek, Mr. and Mrs. H. Natfaly and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Komaroff, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pomeroy, "Alice and Fred," L. d'Encarnacao, John P. Sung, Y. S. Hsu, C. C. Teng, Wang Kam-tong, J. N. Yu, Zia Chun-loh and Arkell and Douglas, Inc.

CHINA-JAPAN SOCIAL NOTE
Reuter's Pacific Service
Tokio, May 3.—The Emperor received Mr. Li Shi-wel, the President of the Sino-Japanese Industrial Company, in audience this morning.

Meningitis Scare Reported In Woosung

Suspicious Symptoms Preceded Recent Deaths There; Precautions Being Taken

A scare of what appears to be an outbreak of cerebro-spinal meningitis is reported from Woosung. It is reported that a number of deaths have occurred there recently under circumstances which created fear and the police commissioner of that locality notified the Customs medical staff. The information was passed on to the Chinese Plague Prevention Bureau and Dr. B. Y. Wong was sent to the supposedly infected spot to investigate. From the description of the symptoms a similarity to cerebro-spinal meningitis was indicated. Microscopic examinations are being made and in the meantime all precautions are being taken by the Prevention Bureau and police to prevent any spread of disease.

Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice

Destination. Mail. Shanghai-Nanking Close Daily. a.m. p.m.

Soochow, Wush, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China. 7.00
Soochow, Wush, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate places 8.00

Nanking all River
Soochow, Wush, Changchow, Chinkiang, Ports 11.30
Soochow, Wush and intermediate places 2.30
Soochow, Wush, Changchow and intermediate places 4.30
Soochow, Wush, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking and all River Ports North China ... Shanghai-Hangchow Train. 8.00

Sinchiang, (and Szechwan), Sunghang, Fengking, Kasha, Kashing, Wangtien, Shashih, (and Tung-hianghsien), Changan.

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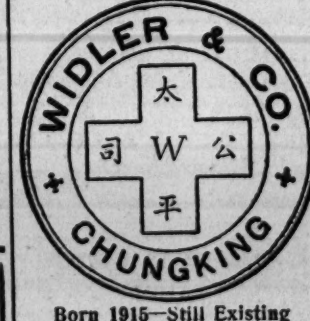
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Telephone No. 2510.

The Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.

The Association has this day removed its Offices to the 1st Floor of the Yangtze Insurance Building.
Shanghai, 30th April, 1918.
17759 M.4.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE.

| STATIONS | Local | Fast | Slow | Coastal | Express | Local | Fast | Slow | Coastal | Express | Local |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|
| Shanghai North | dep. | 7.35 | 9.00 | 10.00 | 11.00 | 12.00 | 13.00 | 14.00 | 15.00 | 16.00 | 17.00 |
| Jiefang | arr. | 7.51 | 9.16 | 10.23 | 11.23 | 12.23 | 13.23 | 14.23 | 15.23 | 16.23 | 17.23 |
| Suzhou | arr. | 7.58 | 9.23 | 10.30 | 11.30 | 12.30 | 13.30 | 14.30 | 15.30 | 16.30 | 17.30 |
| Lungchow Junction | arr. | 8.15 | 9.40 | 10.58 | 11.58 | 12.58 | 13.58 | 14.58 | 15.58 | 16.58 | 17.58 |
| Shanghai South | dep. | 7.45 | 9.10 | 10.10 | 11.10 | 12.10 | 13.10 | 14.10 | 15.10 | 16.10 | 17.10 |
| Lungchow Junction | dep. | 8.15 | 9.40 | 10.58 | 11.58 | 12.58 | 13.58 | 14.58 | 15.58 | 16.58 | 17.58 |
| Sungking | arr. | 8.59 | 10.48 | 12.02 | 13.02 | 14.02 | 15.02 | 16.02 | 17.02 | 18.02 | 19.02 |
| Kashan | arr. | 9.51 | 11.52 | 13.28 | 14.28 | 15.28 | 16.28 | 17.28 | 18.28 | 19.28 | 20.28 |
| Kashan | dep. | 7.40 | 10.26 | 12.30 | 14.30 | 16.30 | 18.30 | 20.30 | 22.30 | 24.30 | 26.30 |
| Tsukang | arr. | 8.45 | 11.06 | 13.15 | 15.15 | 17.15 | 19.15 | 21.15 | 23.15 | 25.15 | 27.15 |
| Changchow | arr. | 9.45 | 12.11 | 14.20 | 16.20 | 18.20 | 20.20 | 22.20 | 24.20 | 26.20 | 28.20 |
| Hangchow | arr. | 11.10 | 13.50 | 16.25 | 18.25 | 20.25 | 22.25 | 24.25 | 26.25 | 28.25 | 30.25 |
| Zahkou | arr. | 11.35 | 14.10 | 16.50 | 18.50 | 20.50 | 22.50 | 24.50 | 26.50 | 28.50 | 30.50 |

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Konzenchiao | dep. | 6.50 | 8.25 | 11.25 | 14.00 | 15.55 | 18.35 |
| Kenshangmun | dep. | 7.10 | 8.50 | 11.40 | 14.15 | 16.15 | 18.50 |
| Hangchow | dep. | 7.20 | 9.15 | 11.52 | 14.24 | 16.30 | 19.00 |
| Zahkou | arr. | 7.55 | 9.40 | 12.10 | 14.45 | 16.55 | |

R. Restaurant Car

(also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping, (and Tansai), and Hangchow (also Huchow) 6.30 8.00

Sinchiang, Sunghang, Fengking, Kasha, Kashing, (and Tansai), Shashih, (and Tansai), Huchow, Nanking and Hangchow (also Shihmenwan), Linping and Hangchow (also Shashih and Shashan) 11.00

Sungking, Kashing, Hangchow and intermediate places 11.00
Ningpo via Hangchow 11.00
Lungchow 11.00
Minhang, Nanking and Tuklihang 11.00
Tatwan, Nanking, Feng-sien and Sinchiang 11.00

Courier 6.30 11.00
Foot Boat 6.45 11.00

Chwansha 6.45 11.00
Cycle Rider 8.00 8.00
Sicawei and Taipao 8.00 8.00
Kiangnan Arsenal 8.00 8.00
Sundays only 11.00 1.30
Woosung Train. Close Daily
Woosung (also Paoshan)

SIKH SPORTS AND POLICE GYMKHANA

In aid of
MESOPOTAMIA FUND
(Indian Regiments)

To be held on POLO GROUND on

MAY 11th

Commencing at 2 p.m.

100 YARDS SHANGHAI CHAMPIONSHIP
"China Press Challenge Cup"
(Presented by "China Press")
440 YARDS SHANGHAI CHAMPIONSHIP
"Bradish Challenge Cup"
(Presented by Shanghai Recreation Club.)

Ju Jitsu Competition.
Sword Lance Exercise and Tent Pegging.
Catch-as-Catch-can Wrestling.
Japanese Sword Fencing Competition.
Donkey Polo Match.

Admission: ONE DOLLAR
Children 50 Cents.

Entry forms for Championship events may be obtained at all Police Stations or from Hon. Sec. Gordon Road Police Station.
17488

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line)

| STATIONS | Local | Express | Fast | 3rd and 4th | Fast | Local | Express | Fast | 3rd and 4th | Fast | Local |
|----------------|-------|---------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|
| SHANGHAI NORTH | dep. | 7.55 | 9.10 | 9.40 | 12.45 | 15.25 | 17.15 | 20.00 | 21.00 | 23.00 | 24.00 |
| SOOCHOW | arr. | 8.41 | 10.23 | 10.50 | 14.05 | 16.45 | 18.35 | 21.20 | 22.20 | 24.10 | 25.10 |
| WUZHOU | arr. | 9.10 | 10.52 | 11.20 | 14.35 | 17.15 | 19.05 | 21.50 | 22.50 | 24.40 | 25.40 |
| CHANGCHOW | arr. | 9.40 | 11.22 | 11.50 | 15.05 | 17.45 | 19.35 | 22.20 | 23.20 | 25.10 | 26.10 |
| YANGTSE | arr. | 10.10 | 11.52 | 12.20 | 15.35 | 18.15 | 20.05 | 22.50 | 23.50 | 25.40 | 26.40 |
| CHINKIANG | arr. | 10.40 | 12.22 | 12.50 | 16.05 | 18.45 | 20.35 | 23.20 | 24.20 | 26.10 | 27.10 |
| NANKING | arr. | 11.10 | 12.52 | 13.20 | 16.35 | 19.15 | 21.05 | 23.50 | 24.50 | 26.40 | 27.40 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH | arr. | 11.19 | 13.01 | 13.30 | 16.45 | 19.25 | 21.15 | 24.00 | 25.00 | 26.50 | 27.50 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH | dep. | 15.30 | 16.45 | 17.15 | 19.30 | 21.15 | 23.00 | 24.45 | 26.30 | 28.15 | 29.00 |
| SOOCHOW | dep. | 16.16 | 17.31 | 18.01 | 20.16 | 22.01 | 23.46 | 25.31 | 27.16 | 29.01 | 29.46 |
| WUZHOU | dep. | 16.45 | 18.00 | 18.30 | 20.45 | 22.30 | 24.15 | 26.00 | 27.45 | 29.30 | 30.15 |
| CHANGCHOW | dep. | 17.15 | 18.30 | 19.00 | 21.15 | 23.00 | 24.45 | 26.30 | 28.15 | 30.00 | 30.45 |
| YANGTSE | dep. | 17.45 | 19.00 | 19.30 | 21.45 | 23.30 | 25.15 | 27.00 | 28.45 | 30.30 | 31.15 |
| CHINKIANG | dep. | 18.15 | 19.30 | 20.00 | 22.15 | 24.00 | 25.45 | 27.30 | 29.15 | 31.00 | 31.45 |
| NANKING | dep. | 18.45 | 20.00 | 20.30 | 22.45 | 24.30 | 26.15 | 28.00 | 29.45 | 31.30 | 32.15 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH | dep. | 19.15 | 20.30 | 21.00 | 23.15 | 25.00 | 26.45 | 28.30 | 30.15 | 32.00 | 32.45 |

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE)

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| WOOSUNG | dep. | 6.50 | 8.10 | 10.50 | 13.15 | 14.40 | 16.30 | 18.10 | 20.45 | 21.15 |
| KIANGSHAO | dep. | 7.17 | 8.37 | 11.17 | 13.42 | 15.07 | 16.57 | 18.37 | 21.12 | 21.42 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH | arr. | 7.35 | 8.45 | 11.25 | 13.50 | 15.15 | 17.05 | 18.45 | 21.20 | 21.50 |

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE.

| | | Coastal & Goods | | Local | Ex-press | Local | Local | STATIONS | | | | | Local | Local | Fast | Slow | Local | Coastal & Goods | Ex-press | Local |
|----|-------|-----------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|----------|-------|
| al | Fast | Slow | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| al | 7.35 | 9.00 | 10.00 | .... | 14.50 | 15.50 | | Zabkas | dep. | .... | 6.30 | 7.55 | .... | 9.20 | 14.10 | 15.10 | | | | |
| al | 7.51 | 9.16 | 10.23 | .... | 15.06 | 16.06 | | Hangchow | dep. | .... | 7.00 | 8.30 | .... | 10.00 | 14.35 | 15.35 | | | | |
| al | 7.58 | 9.23 | 10.30 | .... | 15.13 | 16.13 | | Changsa | dep. | .... | 8.04 | 9.48 | .... | 11.40 | 15.20 | 17.20 | | | | |
| al | 8.15 | 9.40 | 10.58 | .... | 15.30 | 16.29 | | Tientsin | dep. | .... | 8.41 | 10.51 | .... | 12.59 | 16.51 | 18.51 | | | | |
| al | | | | | | | | Kiaochow | dep. | .... | 7.15 | 9.28 | 11.22 | .... | 14.30 | 16.39 | 18.39 | | | |
| al | | | | | | | | Luchow | dep. | .... | 7.45 | 9.53 | 11.55 | .... | 14.45 | 16.52 | | | | |
| al | 7.45 | 9.10 | 10.20 | 13.35 | 15.30 | 16.00 | 17.55 | Shanghai | dep. | .... | 9.05 | 10.47 | 12.59 | .... | 16.08 | 17.40 | | | | |
| al | 8.15 | 9.40 | 10.53 | 13.52 | 15.30 | 16.39 | 18.12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| al | | | | | | | | Lungchow Junction | dep. | 8.18 | 10.33 | 11.38 | 14.05 | 15.33 | 17.33 | 18.23 | | | | |
| al | | | | | | | | Shanghai South | arr. | 8.35 | 10.50 | 11.55 | 14.25 | 15.50 | 17.49 | 18.40 | | | | |
| al | 8.59 | 10.45 | 12.02 | .... | 16.07 | 17.42 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| al | 9.51 | 11.52 | 13.28 | .... | 16.58 | 18.49 | | Lungchow Junction | dep. | 10.30 | 11.25 | 14.25 | .... | 17.18 | 18.50 | | | | | |
| al | 10.25 | 12.30 | 14.35 | .... | 17.22 | 19.20 | | Szeowai | dep. | 10.59 | 11.44 | 14.14 | .... | 17.28 | 18.59 | | | | | |
| al | 11.05 | 13.15 | 15.50 | .... | 17.53 | | | Jianghai | dep. | 11.01 | 11.51 | 14.21 | .... | 17.37 | 18.36 | | | | | |
| al | 11.41 | 14.00 | 16.50 | .... | 18.24 | | | Shanghai North | arr. | 11.00 | 12.05 | 14.35 | .... | 17.55 | 18.50 | | | | | |
| al | 12.50 | 15.25 | 18.30 | .... | 19.19 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| al | 13.13 | 15.50 | 19.00 | .... | 19.36 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Business and Official Notices

Shanghai Race Club

REMINDER

SELLING LOTTERIES will be held at the Grand Stand TODAY, commencing at 5.30 p.m. sharp, on the following Races:—

- The GRIFFINS' PLATE
- The SHANGHAI DERBY, No. 1
- The CHAMPION SWEEP-STAKES, No. 1

The above Lotteries are open to Members of the Country, Shanghai, Masonic, American, Columbia, Merchant Service Clubs: Cercle Français, Cercle Sportif Français, Marine Engineers' Institute and Shanghai Race Club.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
17836

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2517.

DESTITUTE FOREIGNERS

All persons without definite work in view, or without regular means of support, are warned that there is no scope for labour by Foreigners in Shanghai, and no employment of other kinds obtainable. Destitutes obtain temporary food and shelter by stonebreaking in the Casual Ward.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.
Council Room,
Shanghai, May 4, 1918.
17835

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2518.

SPECIAL CONSTABLES.

The Council invites applications from male residents of the Settlement of 21 years of age and upwards, who are not members of either the Volunteer Corps or the Fire Brigade, for enrolment for service under the Council as Special Constables.

Selected applicants, who will enter into agreements with the Council terminable upon one month's notice, will be required to attend periodical drills, to pass a course in the use of fire arms and to undertake such duty as may be assigned to them entailing under normal circumstances night duty for from three to four hours at a time on not more than three days per week.

Applications for enrolment should be made in writing marked "Special Constables" and addressed to the Captain Superintendent of Police at the Central Police Station.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.
Council Room,
Shanghai, May 4, 1918.

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2519.

REGISTRATION OF GERMAN AND AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN SUBJECTS.

(Amendment of Permit Condition No. 2.)

Notice is hereby given that Condition 2 of the permits issued to German and Austro-Hungarian Subjects in pursuance of the provisions of Municipal Notification No. 2466 has been amended to read as follows:—

"2. Commencing on Wednesday, May 8, 1918, the holder (if a male) is required to present himself in person twice weekly, on Wednesday and Sundays, between the hours of 3 a.m. and 6 p.m. at the Police Station of his district in order to have his permit checked by the Police."

On and after Wednesday, May 8, all German and Austro-Hungarian male subjects of 16 years of age and upwards are therefore required to report to the Police twice weekly on Wednesday and Sundays, instead of once weekly as at present and this condition must be strictly observed.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.
Council Room,
Shanghai, May 4, 1918.

DR. N. L. DOWNS

Surgeon Dentist

Has moved his office to
The Yangtze Insurance Building
26 The Bund, 3rd floor.
Monday, May 6th.
17829

Business and Official Notices
are Continued on
Page 11



AND NOW

About your new
Parisienne Model Hat
FOR THE RACES

We've always made a bid for the Ladies' trade of Shanghai. It keeps us on the jump, alert to the newest fashions, makes this the city style shop in Ladies' hats.

COME SEE THE
NEW MODELS NOW ON
DISPLAY

AT
Silberman's Drapery and
Outfitting Stores

No. 1 Broadway (Opp. Astor House)

Saey Tai (Tailor) Ladies' and Gentlemen's Outfitters Great Clearance SALE for two weeks only, commencing on Wednesday, May 1st. The whole of our stock of this season's goods must be cleared less 30% for Cash comprising: Serges, Flannels, Tweeds, Cashmeres, sun-proof cloths, Waterproof cloths, Alpaca, Pongees, Drills, Ducks, and sundry goods. All materials are from the best home firms and in the latest designs. Guaranteed fit. Telephone No. 3358.

Saey Tai (Tailor)

P. 350/1 Nanking Road, Shanghai
17763

The Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A Dividend at the rate of Thirty per cent., being Eighteen Dollars per Share, on the Paid-up Capital of the above Association, has been declared payable, in Taels at Exchange 73, at the Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China or the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shanghai, on and after this date, to Shareholders of Record on the 22nd April, 1918.

By Orders of the Board of Directors,
W. S. JACKSON
General Manager.
Shanghai, 29th April, 1918.
17761

ANTIMONY REGULUS

(99% Pure)

ALWAYS IN STOCK

Apply, Hupeh Government
Smelting Works, Wuchang.
Tel. address "HUPEHMIN" 10064

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

OVERSEAS CLUB

Members are kindly directed to the Special Performance, given under our President's patronage, by HARMSTON'S CIRCUS on Monday, May 6th. Members will oblige by keeping the date in mind, attending and bringing their friends with them. Mr. Harmston is giving us most generous terms, and it is hoped that a considerable sum will be secured for the R.F.C. Convalescent Home.

For the Committee,
HAROLD BROWETT,
Vice-President.
May 2nd, 1918.

(This space kindly lent by
Garner, Quelch & Co.)

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 1st May, 1918, Mr. Chang Tuck Sow (張德壽) will cease to be Comprodre to our firm, and on and after that date all communications relating to our business should be addressed direct to our firm.

CURRIMBOY & Co., LTD.
Shanghai, 20th April, 1918.
17652

THE CATHAY LACE CO.

19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Chief Manufacturers
and Exporters of Hand-made
Laces, Embroideries, Etc.

Big Stock
of
FILET LACES
for
WHOLESALE

Eden Hospital

Dept. of Venereal Diseases
and Wassermann Laboratory
P372 Nanking Road
(Opp. Lloyd Road)
Hours: 10-12; 2-4 Daily
Dr. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

The Cathay Trust, Limited

(in liquidation)

HOLDERS OF ORDINARY shares are hereby notified that a Fourth dividend of Taels 1.00 per share has been declared and will be payable at the offices of the Liquidator, No. 10 Canton Road, Shanghai, between the hours of 10 a.m. and noon on and after the 1st May, 1918, against production of the Liquidator's Certificates for endorsement.

F. N. MATTHEWS,
Liquidator.
17794

JUST ARRIVED

Pindon Haddock
\$1.00 per lb.

Schaefer Beer
LIGHT AND DARK

The choicest product of the
oldest lager beer brewery
in the United States.
Try it once and you will
buy it always!

Motor delivery service
C. EDDIE & CO.
1123-25 Broadway, Tel. N. 639.

HONMA HOSPITAL,

No. 24 Miller Road. Tel. North 2961.

Dr. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial
University at Tokyo and
Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine,
Children's Diseases.

Dr. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial
University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases,
Confinement, Surgery,
Skin Diseases,
Venereal Diseases.

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, EST. 1895) BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

STOCKS OF
Metals, Hardware and Sundries
Contractors to Governments, Municipalities
Railways, Tramways, etc.

General Office
Phone Central 1860

Chinese Dept.
Phone Central 1625

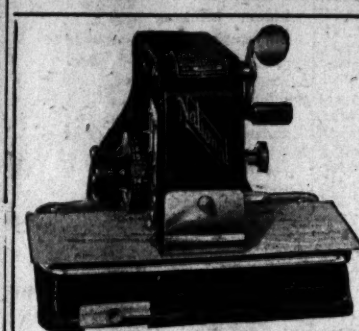
KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.

IMPORTERS - EXPORTERS
STEEL PRODUCTS, PROVISIONS
PAPER, CHEMICALS, LEATHER

6 Kiukiang Road

HOME OFFICE
KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.
210 California St.
SAN FRANCISCO

JAPAN BRANCH
KNAPP & BAXTER OF JAPAN, LTD.
75 Main St.
YOKOHAMA



CHEQUE WRITERS

Perforating - Printing
Embossing

The Office Appliance Co.
4 Canton Road
Shanghai

Your Next Storage Battery should be a —

Prest-O-Lite

There is a correct
size for your car

Service Station And Sole Agents for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

LEARN LANGUAGES BY LISTENING

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Endorsed by Leading Universities.
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34 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

Spanish-French-English-Italian-German

NOTICE

THE undersigned begs to announce
that he has established himself
as Consulting Engineer for Structural
Engineering at No. 44 Peking Road.
Industrial Buildings a specialty.

C. LUTHY, S.I.A.,
Formerly Assist. Eng. for Structural
Engineering, Shanghai Municipal
Public Works Dept.
Telephone No. Central 1914.
17802

5% Italian Consolidated Loan 1918

Non-convertible till 1931
Price of issue: Lire 86.50
Subscriptions are received by
THE RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK
up to the 25th of May, 1918.
17324

MISCELLANEOUS

FREE SERVICES: Anything you
can't buy, or sell, on reasonable
terms, or wish to inquire and know
something. Apply to Cosmopolitan
Exchange, 17 Nanking Road.
17825 M.9.

A private Dairy under foreign
supervision would like a few good
customers for pure unskimmed milk
at \$1 for 6 large bottles. Apply to
Box 167, THE CHINA PRESS.
17818 M.5.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must
be Prepaid

Replies must be
called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back,
(with bathrooms and verandah), to
let. Good table.

Telephone North 482.

No. 8 Quinsan Gardens

Tel. N. 1946.

To let one large bedroom and
sitting room combined, with closed
verandah and bathroom attached.
Facing South. All modern com-
forts. Suitable for two Bachelors,
or small family.

ORIENTAL HOUSE

31 Boone Road

To let, one large back room and also
one large attic room, facing garden,
with bathroom attached. Moderate
prices. Table under the personal
supervision of the American proprie-
tress. Tel. North 1102.
17757

TO LET: Two nicely furnished
rooms with board, Western district,
American family, immediate occupa-
tion. Apply to Box 203, THE
CHINA PRESS.
17833 M.7.

TO LET, Western district, two
well-furnished rooms, in private
family, with board if required.
Apply to Box 206, THE CHINA
PRESS.
17831 M.7.

TO LET: Well-furnished resi-
dential flat, near Bund, every con-
venience, suitable for gentleman or
married couple requiring first-class
home. Apply to Box 198, THE
CHINA PRESS.
17827 M.7.

TO LET: Furnished or unfur-
nished rooms, with or without
board. Terms moderate. Apply to
12 Fearon Road.
17826 M.8.

TO LET: Central location near
Bund, two large and exceptionally
well-furnished airy bedrooms, suit-
able for bachelors or married
couples. Good board. Phone and
elevator. Occupation June 1st.
Apply to Box 196, THE CHINA
PRESS.
17822 M.7.

TO LET: Large handsomely fur-
nished room in private flat, with
couple only. Private bath, hot and
cold water and shower attached.
Telephone, near Bund, no board, to
one gentleman only. Apply to Box
190, THE CHINA PRESS.
17809

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, stenographer for tem-
porary employment, at Northern
port. Apply to Box 201, THE
CHINA PRESS.
17831 M.7.

WANTED: Competent Chinese
bookkeeper, who can take complete
charge of books. One who has a
good knowledge of English, and is
a good typist, preferable. Good
wages. Apply to Box 91, THE
CHINA PRESS.
17770-M-14

WANTED: Experienced Chinese
stenographer-typist. Must have a
good knowledge of the English
language. Good wages. Apply to
Box 92, THE CHINA PRESS.
17770 M.14

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED LADY steno-
grapher, British, desires position
afternoons only. Apply to Box 199,
THE CHINA PRESS.
17828 M.7.

AMERICAN college graduate, ex-
perienced office executive, typist,
correspondent, knowing several lan-
guages. Seeks position. Willing to
travel. Apply to Box 186, THE
CHINA PRESS.
17803 M.8.

WANTED, extra work after office
hours, by a youth, very industrious
and confidential. Please reply to
Box 188, THE CHINA PRESS.
17758 M.4.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET: A very convenient
unpretentious four large roomed
house, very well-furnished; has large
attic for another room, garage and
small garden. Lease of one year or
longer. Tls. 115 monthly. Apply
to Box 202, THE CHINA PRESS.
17832 M.5.

TO LET: Elegant 7 roomed
detached residence, best part
European district, from July 1st.
Rent Tals 110. Apply to Box 191,
THE CHINA PRESS.
17810

TO LET, 484 Rue Eugene Bard,
at Dubai tram. Excellent 6 roomed
semi-detached residence. Rent Tls.
70. Apply premises or Hammond,
38 Nanking Road.
17793

65 BROADWAY: House in
Broadway terrace, Tls. 26 per
month. Beginning May 1st. Apply
to 10 Yangtzepoo Road.
17764 M.4.

Exchange and Mart

WANTED Hornless gramophone
and 30 to 50 instrumental and
orchestral records in good condition.
State particulars and price, to Box
204, THE CHINA PRESS.
17834 M.7.

WANTED to purchase, a bull
terrier dog, either pup or full
grown; must be a thoroughbred.
Reply, stating price and particulars,
to Box 200, THE CHINA PRESS.
17830 M.10.

FOR SALE: Two new Stude-
baker Buses, 12 passenger capacity.
For full particulars apply to Box
192, THE CHINA PRESS.
17815 M.5.

FOR SALE: 200 tons of old baled
newspapers U.S. brand at low price.
Those interested please communicate
with The Eastern Syndicate, 128A
Szechuen Road. Phone 3255.
17811 M.8.

WANTED: Second-hand motor
car, modern, no dealers. Send full
particulars and price, to Box 185,
THE CHINA PRESS.
17801 M.4.

ONE L. C. Smith "ball-bearing"
typewriter, in A1 condition. Apply
to Box 184, THE CHINA PRESS.
17800 M.4.

FOR SALE: No. 3 model wide-
carriage Underwood typewriter (14
in.) in good working condition, with
cover complete. Any reasonable
offer will not be refused. Apply to
Box 187, THE CHINA PRESS.
M.4.

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